

RUEFS PLEA STRIKES SNAG.

Owners Object to the Street Widening Project.

Committee Listens to Both Sides on Question.

Corporation's Men Appear to Be Interrogated.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.

SACRAMENTO, June 7.—For the fourth time Abe Ruef of San Francisco was this afternoon called before a committee convened to explain the provisions of Constitutional Amendment No. 2, a bill only to arguments of attorneys and others who represent the opposition. He has twice appeared before the Assembly Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

His first effort was before the Assembly Judiciary Committee and this afternoon he attended the Senate Judiciary Committee which was convened in order to save time and in order that the members might be enabled to accord the amendment consideration while awaiting the appearance of the bill from the Assembly.

EXCHANGING LAND.

While on the previous occasion Ruef explained the provisions whereby it is proposed to widen Montgomery street and other San Francisco thoroughfares by obtaining from the property owners strips of their frontage property and giving in return other property obtained by closing narrow avenues and alleys. He referred to the fact that the public service corporations are to be prevented from tearing up the street pavements and to the opportunity which he says is afforded for the consolidation of schools and the acquisition of school sites which are particularly valuable which may be diverted to other purposes.

Ruef was limited by the committee to an address of five minutes but the many questions and the opinions which he gave occupied over two hours' time, and the address was by permission extended. In concluding he stated that this amendment was desired in its present form because it provided a method whereby the city might be laid out on new plans at a saving of millions of dollars.

PROTECTS ALL PARTIES.

He argued that the people and the corporations were alike protected by their constitutional right to bring about the defeat of any amendment deemed iniquitous and offered any person present the privilege to propose an amendment which preserved the substance while changing the wording of the amendment.

MATT L. SULLIVAN of San Francisco, who presided over the session and opposed some of Ruef's explanations, and Edgar Painter, who represented the North Central Improvement Association of San Francisco, made a brief statement at the conclusion of the session. Painter stated that the property owners of Montgomery street were not unanimous in their expressed intention of donating to the city property frontages to provide for a wider street. He said that Ruef had agreed to give twenty feet and who would demand that the city purchase the remainder.

The committee's session was attended by members of the telephone, railway and other corporations.

May FINISH SATURDAY.

In the Senate a larger number of bills have been passed and several of the members today affirmed that legislation now on hand in the upper house might be cleared away by Saturday. The Senate Finance Committee for instance, has taken action on every bill submitted to it in consideration with the exception of the constitutional amendment providing for a State bond issue of \$10,000,000 which already has been returned with an unfavorable report and which was referred back for amendment.

The Assembly was in session less than two hours today and this afternoon without having transacted any business adjourned to meet tomorrow morning.

No measures of consequence were passed, and a number of committees reports were received.

In the Senate this evening Senator Atkinson introduced a constitutional amendment providing for "sine die" adjournment of the Legislature on next Saturday evening at 10 o'clock. The resolution was adopted by unanimous vote without discussion.

EDUCATION MINORITY REPORT.

A majority of the Senate Committee on Education this evening determined to vote for the minority report with amendments, the constitutional amendment providing for the issue of 100-year bonds in San Francisco and San Jose. There is to be a minority report.

The Senate Judiciary Committee received for passage a constitutional amendment permitting the cities of San Francisco and San Jose, for a period of two years, to amend their charters with ratification.

In the meeting of the Assembly Committee on Education, Senator Cromwell, Superintendent of the San Francisco public schools, contended that the records of thirty-one schools not destroyed by the fire showed an increase in average daily attendance of 100 per cent. and that the school funds be made on that basis. The bill had provided for a 2 per cent. increase, but will be recommended so as to provide for an increase of 5 per cent. in attendance.

BILLS PASSED.

The following bills were passed to-night:

Providing for the retention of monies collected by State Harbor Commission for repair of damage to water front of San Francisco.

Providing for the restoration of teachers' certificates lost or destroyed. Appropriating \$30,000 for the State Auditor at Utica.

Permitting the State to cede to the United States government certain tide lands in San Diego Bay.

Bill relating to substitutes for school records or documents.

The Senate adjourned in session this evening until 9 o'clock.

WORK HASTENED.

Aside from routine business and an effort on the part of the Senate to hasten adjournment, several matters have engaged the attention of the Legislature today.

Senator Shortridge's objection to newspaper criticism drew the largest attendance of spectators since the session began. The effort on the part of Senator Lukens to add a quarter of a million to the appropriation for the State building was attended by a spirited debate on the floor, and there is a general feeling of satisfaction due to the announcement made tonight that the amendment made to the amendment No. 2 will be reported back from the committee tomorrow morning.

That the amendment has been altered is admitted by Chairman Hauser of the committee, but as it was considered in executive session it cannot be stated whether the committee fe-

vors the objections of the opposition or the merits of the long and hard fight for the amendment.

The latter will leave for San Francisco early tomorrow morning, having completed his arguments on the measure.

QUICKLY PASS DOZEN BILLS.

A dozen bills were passed in half an hour by the Senate this morning. The following were the bills:

Providing for contingent and traveling expenses of the Insurance Commissioner.

Appropriating \$19,000 for the State Normal School at San Jose.

Appropriating \$4600 to supply money erroneously collected from corporations.

Relating to attachments in courts of justice of the peace.

Relating to school census.

Appropriating \$7,500 for repairs to the Home for Feeble Minded at Glen Ellen.

Appropriating \$25,000 for the State Asylum at Agnews.

Appropriating \$25,000 for the State Asylum at Napa.

Appropriating \$33,000 to reimburse the regents of the University of California for expenses of the State Auditor.

Extending the time for filing statements of insurance companies with the Insurance Commissioner.

RECORD OF BILLS.

Of the thirty bills in the Senate, ten have been withdrawn and four have been signed by the Governor. Six bills have passed and the others are under consideration by the bill printer.

Two of the twelve constitutional amendments have been withdrawn, one has been recommended for adoption, and the others are still under consideration.

The recommendation of the Finance Committee providing \$200,000 for the purchase of a site and the erection of a State building in San Francisco today provoked an earnest debate in the Assembly, but the bill was not recommended for adoption.

The principal amendment introduced by Senator Shortridge, which was recommended for adoption, was the amendment providing \$500,000 for the State building was passed by unanimous vote.

BUSINESS AT STANDSTILL.

The business of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company in this port is at a standstill. The State of California, belonging to this company, was to sail today at 10 o'clock for San Diego, and the Curacao was to sail for Mexican ports. Neither vessel cleared and many passengers who had engaged passage and paid their money refunded.

Capt. Wallace of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company stated that no men are now working on their wharves and that they are not receiving freight. Not only the longshoremen on their dock have been laid off, but also the sailors, cooks, waiters and firemen on the State of California, the City of Puebla, the Curacao, and the young women who are in this port.

MAN AND VESSEL.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company, which yesterday laid off 1500 longshoremen at the Mall dock, took back enough men today to finish the loading of the Newport, which is to sail to Panama and way ports. No work is being done on the Korean.

The executive committee of the United Transportation Association met today to arrange to confer with a committee named by the City Front Federation. When they two men will make up an end to the trouble which has crippled the shipping industry.

JAIL FOLLOWS WINDOW SMASH.

NEW YORK GROCERY CLERK LEADERS ARRESTED.

Because "Union" Declared for Early Closing, All Places Found Open After Seven in the Evening Were Raided, but the Courts Soon Had Guilty Ones Behind the Bars.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.

NEW YORK, June 7.—Life is not so rosy for certain leaders of the Bronx Grocery Clerks' Union who last night smashed half a hundred windows in stores whose proprietors refused to close.

Peter F. McDonagh, the president, and Martin F. Pfeifer, the secretary of the International Association of Retail Clerks, were held largely responsible for the disturbance by Magistrate Walsh in the Westchester Court.

On their failure to provide \$50 bonds for their good behavior for six months they were sent to prison.

Frederick Kluit, charged with being a ringleader, was locked up because he could not furnish a \$50 bond.

Frederick Lauer and Otto Weidler were fined \$5 each. John Bradle was reproved for distributing circulars to the effect, "That the lady of the house is requested to patronize only such grocers as close their stores promptly at 7 o'clock in the evening, as only such are first class."

COLLINS HEARD FROM.

The Assembly this morning received a petition from George D. Collins, a carpenter of Jersey, in San Quentin. The petition, presented by Assemblyman McGowan of San Francisco, contained allegations of judicial misconduct against Judge Albert M. Braden of San Jose, before whom he was tried.

Mr. McGowan, in presenting the petition, expressed his disbelief in its merits. Cromwell's suggestion that consideration of the petition be postponed to the next session was rejected.

Atkins, of the Assembly Committee on Education, a member of the San Francisco public schools, contended that the records of thirty-one schools not destroyed by the fire showed an increase in average daily attendance of 100 per cent. and that the school funds be made on that basis.

A concurrent resolution introduced in the Senate by Shortridge and in the Assembly by Atkins provides that the United States government be requested to cede to the State of California the island of San Nicolas, known as Gorda Island, or Yerba Buena. The resolution explains that the island is then to be used as a terminal for different railroad companies.

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MINERS ASPHYXIATED.

Coal Shaft Near Red Lodge, Mont., Scene of Fatal Burst of Flames.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.

RED LODGE (Mont.) June 7.—At least one man is dead and several others are in a serious condition from asphyxiation in the Northern Pacific Railway's Rocky Fork coal mine near here.

Fire in the mine several days ago was supposed to have been extinguished, but today started afresh.

A number of men who were in the mine were overcome and a rescuing party of fifty volunteers entered in search of their comrades. Many of these men were overcome by gas, but it is thought that most of them were brought out. Joe Bracey is dead. It is believed that there are several miners still in the mine about seventy feet below the surface, and that they have perished.

WOULD WALK WITH WESTON.

NEW YORK, June 7.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) G. U. Bolham, an English walker and vegetarian, arrived today on the walking tour between John D. Louder and Weston. He asserts he holds the walking record between the two cities.

COLUMBUS (O.) June 7.—The joint conference of the Ohio miners and operators adjourned this afternoon in a disagreement. Both sides declare tonight that the fight is now on to a finish.

OPERATORS STANDING PAT.

MINERS PREPARE TO FIGHT.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.

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The miners' convention voted unani-

LABOR.

VESSELS LIE IDLE AT DOCK.

San Francisco Struggle May Be a Long One.

Final Notice of Action Given to Labor Unions.

Newport Is the Only Boat to Leave the Port.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 7.—The mercury did not record lower than 75 deg. in the twenty-four hours and reached the maximum of 84 degs.

The toll of death was lighter, only one fatality being reported. There were a number of prostrations. In a brief afternoon thunder shower fell in some parts of the city. Middle West temperatures:

PITH OF NEWS FROM THE MIDDLE WEST.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

C HICAGO, June 7.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Another burning tropical day was the fate of

Chicago and no relief from the excessive heat is promised until Saturday. The mercury did not record lower than 75 deg. in the twenty-four hours and reached the maximum of 84 degs.

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fatality being reported. There were a number of prostrations. In a brief afternoon thunder shower fell in some parts of the city. Middle West temperatures:

Max. Min.

	Max.	Min.
Alpena	78	54
Bismarck	58	50
Cairo	85	76
Cheyenne	54	49
Cincinnati	76	70
Cleveland	82	74
Concordia	84	68
Davenport	84	68
Des Moines	84	68
Devil's Lake	58	48
Dodge City	82	65
Dubuque	74	52
Escanaba	66	52
Grand Rapids	82	70
Green Bay	82	64
Helena	54	42
Huron	72	52
Indianapolis	84	72
Kansas City	82	70
Marquette	84	72
Memphis	90	76
North Platte	70	58
Rapid City	62	48
St. Louis	82	74
St. Paul	84	74
St. Paul, Minn.	82	74
Springfield, Ill.	85	74
St. Paul, Minn.	84	74
Wichita	62</	

Entertainments.

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PACIFIC SLOPE.

RIOT FOR GAIN NOT BELIEVED.

Col. Greene Scouts the Stock Jobbing Idea.

Mexican Miners Rapidly Returning to Duties.

Presence of Federal Troops Restores Confidence.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

BIRMINGHAM (A.R.) June 7.—S. A. D. Puter, indicated in connection with the land frauds in this State and an important witness in the case of the government against the Agnew authorities, decided to bring back to the institution. Easley pretended that he was not insane, and had not been patient at the hospital.

tendants arrived just in time to prevent fatal consequences.

The Agnew authorities decided to bring back to the institution.

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Three fires in Marysville.

MARYSVILLE, June 7.—Three incendiary fires were discovered at 2 o'clock and 4 o'clock this morning, two being in the business section and kerosene being applied. The other was in the disreputable quarter. The fire department extinguished all without damage.

Lumberman Killed by Cable.

RED BLUFF, June 7.—Coroner Lennan left here last night in response to a message stating that Dick Toney, an employee of the Sierra Lumber Co., was missing. Toney, a native of Riverside County, California, was about thirty-five miles east of Red Bluff; was killed. Toney had planned a cable used in hauling logs.

Aged Butcher Kills Himself.

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WASHINGTON.

KAHN RESENTS UGLY CHARGES.

Southern Congressmen Cast Slurs on Delegation.

Drawbacks on Building Material Cause of Attack.

Californian Declares the Bill Would Be Useless.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.
WASHINGTON, June 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There was a warm colloquy in the House today as the result of slurs cast upon the California delegation, by Representatives Gaines of Tennessee and Williams of Mississippi.

Gaines, in his usual style, was advertising the fact that he had introduced a bill providing for drawbacks on building materials for the reconstruction of San Francisco.

He charged that the failure of the bill to pass was due to the negligence of the California delegation.

Williams followed in a similar vein. He said the drawbacks on building material should have been allowed in the case of the Chicago and Boston fires, and that the only exception to this rule was the case of Baltimore, where relief was denied apparently because it was a sound city. Williams intimated that San Francisco could have had relief if its representatives were more diligent.

KAHN IS INDIGNANT.
Representative Kahn both denied these charges and retorted: "I should think that no drawback relief was afforded Boston because it was held unconstitutional. In the Baltimore fire this president was followed. After the Chicago fire the Congress refused to entertain any more such propositions."

"The people of San Francisco think one year's drawback will do them no good," continued Mr. Kahn. "To be effective this drawback period must be two or three years. When we returned from the fire meeting in the cause trophic I consulted with my colleagues on the delegation and other members of the House, but we found we could not get such a bill, even for one year, and instead of chasing rainbows we have been going after things we can't reach."

Kahn then called attention to the fact that the American Steel People promised to give San Francisco structure priority first consideration and not raise prices.

Prices of domestic and California cement, he said, had not increased, and assurances were given that no increase would occur.

SPEAKER QUIETS OPPONENTS.

On the contrary, Kahn showed that the prices of imported cement went up materially since the disaster, the imports being it would not pay to have a drawback because foreign prices were too high.

"There's no use holding out false hopes to the San Francisco people," Kahn concluded. "We found we could not get this drawback relief and let the people know so they could make up their minds about sending the city without further delay."

Kahn was congratulated for his defense of the California delegation.

There was no reply from the Democratic.

After he finished, Representative Nease had a conference with the minority leader, Williams. He said the latter he would agree to consider the San Francisco drawback bill as a relief proposition and not attempt to load it down with general tariff revision amendments. Williams said that he would give no such assurances.

Needham may speak on the subject tomorrow. He and his colleagues feel they could pass the drawback bill in spite of the doubts about its constitutionality if assurance was given by the Democratic and other members of the delegation that no such attack on the tariff.

The trouble is no such assurance can be secured either in the House or the Senate.

Representative Lacy today reported from the House Public Lands Committee that the bill would not be a bill of the value of military bounty land warrants. This measure would give California a sum variously estimated at from \$100,000 to \$200,000, in addition to 5 per cent of the net proceeds of the sale of her public lands as provided in the Smith bill.

FIFTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

REGULAR SESSION.
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Senate After a day devoted almost exclusively to the conference report on the Railroad Bill, the Senate decided at o'clock this afternoon to take the measure back to conference. The debate covered free passes, the salaries of Interstate Commerce Commissioners and the penal provisions of the bill. There were differences of opinion on all these points, but the movement thought was favorable to sustaining the Senate provisions therein.

Senator Foraker gave notice that he would move to take up the conference report on the bill this afternoon, as the report on the rail bill is disposed of, but afterward he would probably not make an effort in that direction until next Tuesday when, it is believed, the Senate will adjourn. Later, Mr. Hopkins withdrew his opposition to naming Tuesday as the day for the consideration of the Statehood report, and Mr. Foraker, that he would take up the rail bill report before that date to have it considered.

The treaty between the United States and Mexico prescribing regulations to cover the diversion of waters of the Rio Grande for irrigation projects was ordered rapidly referred to the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations providing it means the approval of the Texas Senators. Senator Cullom was instructed to confer with Senators Cullom and Riley concerning the report. Under like instructions, Senator Foraker was directed to report the Bancos treaty, fixing the boundary between Mexico and the United States so as to meet the demands of the Mexican Government.

The bill providing for the control of the waters of the Niagara River was passed.

Objection was made by Senator Tillman to any effort to limit the powers of the Postmaster General as proposed by Senator Hale, who then withdrew his motion that it was the sense of the Senate that railroad employees and their families should be exempt from the anti-pass amendment. Senator Cullom and Senator Carter opposed stringent anti-pass legislation, the latter saying that the Postmaster General should have authority to issue passes over every railroad in the United States to members of the Congress to afford opportunity to obtain information of the railroads.

Discussing the necessity for passes to the railroads of the stock market, Senator Warren discussed briefly the legislation concerning the sanitary conditions of the packing-houses and ex-



REP. JULIUS KAHN.

A SUNSET
OVER THE WIRES
From city to city the sound of your voice is borne in a flash by the Sunset Long Distance Telephone. Economical and efficient. Telephone Contract Dept., Main St., Sunset T. & T. Co.Capitol Flour
Capitol
Flour
is the most digestible form of the food elements of the perfect wheat. Makes wholesome and palatable bread.
Its goodness guaranteed.
CAPITOL MILLING COMPANYMAKE HIM PROVE IT
MR LONG CLAIMS THAT THEFrank B. Long.
PIANO
IS "UNEQUALLED" IN TONE.

PRESIDENT SENDS REGRETS.

Collegiate Church of New York Learns of Executive's Confession of Faith.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.
NEW YORK, June 7.—A public meeting was held tonight in Collegiate Reformed Church in connection with the eleventh convention of the general synod of the Reformed Church in America. Rev. Dr. Edward B. Coe read a letter of regret from the President. He explained that it was in the Collegiate Church that the President made his confession of faith in 1891, and that he had taught in the Sunday school mission.

The President's letter read: "Permit me to express my great regret that I am unable to be present at the centennial session of the general synod of the Reformed Church in America. As a member of your church, as well as a member of their families of free transportation; likewise, persons actually and necessarily in charge of live stock, who are deprived of free transportation when the point of destination or returning from point of fall." he said: "The people, this fall," he said, "will want to know the reason why we properly include twelve independent companies under the law, and exclude the only members of the United States, the Puerto Rican company."

He said the only thing to do when the conference report on the Railroad Bill comes before the House, would be to vote it down, and the House can vote into the bill things most essential to it.

WANT CODIFIED LAWS.

POWER IN COMMISSION.
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The leaders of the House, realizing the futility of attempting to pass any general bill codifying the criminal laws of the United States, the House, this morning, have decided upon a concurrent resolution, appointing a special committee of five Senators and five members to examine and submit to Congress the recommendations of the codification as specified by the Conference Committee.

Representative Moon of Pennsylvania has introduced in the House a concurrent resolution for such a special commission giving it power to sit during the recess of Congress.

WILL RATIFY DUTIES.

PHILIPPINE BILL NECESSARY.
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—A.M.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The Senate Committee on Judiciary has under consideration a bill introduced by Senator Spooner to confirm and ratify the action of the military government in the Philippines in levying and collecting duties on goods imported to the islands from July 1, 1898, to March 8, 1900.

The preamble of the bill declares that it was the intention of Congress, although not properly carried into the language of the law to ratify what had been done by the military government. This bill will meet and satisfy claims for refunds of duties collected between the dates named, involving a possible saving to the government of about \$4,000,000.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS.

Orange Postmaster Nominated.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The President today sent to the Senate the nomination of N. T. Edwards to be postmaster at Orange, Cal.

Senator Gorman's Funeral Simple.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—With simple and complete absence of ostentation, in accordance with his desired wish, the funeral services of Senator Gorman of Maryland took place today from his late residence.

Neill and Reynolds at White House.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Messrs. Neill and Reynolds, who made the recent investigation of stock-yard conditions, called at the White House today and conferred with the President. They declined to discuss their plan.

PANAMANS DISAPPOINTED.

Liberal Party's Request for American Supervision of Election Turned Down.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.
WASHINGTON, June 7.—Secretary Root and Secretary Taft have positively declined to appoint American supervisors for the Panama election or to sanction in any manner any American supervision of that event.

They decline on the ground that any action in that direction would tend to destroy the autonomy of the republic. The request for this was made yesterday by representatives of the liberal party in the isthmus republic, who declared they were sure they were not to get fair play in the coming municipal elections.

There was much rejoicing among the members of the government party over the news. Under like instructions, Senator Warren discussed briefly the legislation concerning the sanitary conditions of the packing-houses and ex-

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.—P.M.
NEW YORK, June 7.—The charges filed with Gov. Higgins against Dist. Atty. Jerome, it was learned here tonight, were signed by five residents of this city, as follows:

Chapman Dwight, a retired stock broker; Edward F. White, a member of the Produce Exchange; former Commissioner of Internal Revenue; Joseph C. Hurley, secretary of State and Finance Company, and William N. Amory, a lawyer and former secretary of the Third Avenue Railroad Company.

The charges are that Mr. Jerome has wilfully failed to perform his public duties and he received \$35,000 from the large insurance companies toward his campaign fund last fall. These moneys are charged to "retired gratuity" funds to compound a crime and for a violation of the criminal statutes of this State and has agreed or has abstained in pursuance of a previous agreement to "neglect" the prosecution of sundry criminal actions in violation of section 125 of the penal code and is therefore guilty of a felony.

Mr. Jerome, when informed of the charges tonight, said:

"I do not wish to dignify these charges with a reply. Charges accusing me of malfeasance in office and neglect of my duty may be made before Gov. Higgins. He never has gone to Austria and Johnstown for assistance."

EDGFIELD, S. C. AFIRE.

AUGUSTA (Ga.) June 8.—A telephone message from Edgfield, S. C. shortly after midnight, reports the larger portion of the business section of the town afire. Messages were sent to Augusta and Johnstown for assistance.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

The Quality Store

The Popular Clothing
FOR MEN AND BOYS

Men's Suits

Nine times out of ten if you ask the question, "Where did you get that handsome suit?" they will tell you at Mullen & Bluett's. BECAUSE it is the popular opinion that they excel in Value, Style and Workmanship. There's an individuality—a distinct character completely different, yet superbly attractive, that places them in a class by themselves. They are so perfectly tailored that they look as though molded to your form, and makes your friend ask "Who's your Tailor?" Year in and year out customers profit by it, not alone in quality, but PRICE AS WELL.

Suits That Fit

\$15, \$18, \$20, \$22, \$25
Up to \$40

Boys' Clothing Department

The showing in Norfolk suits in the different models—squares, grays, plaids—cut with full knicker pants, come in sizes from 6 to 16. Prices \$5 to \$15.

No trouble and little care to keep your boy well dressed in our wash suits. Every kind of washable fabrics in sailor, Eton blouse, Buster Brown and Cadet styles; all with knicker pants. Prices from \$1.25 to \$6.50, and in ages from 2 1/2 to 10.

SPECIAL—Large showing of boys' odd pants in knicker woollens, also the linen, white duck and khaki styles.

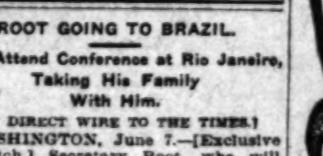
Largest and Most Complete
Department of Furnishings and Hats
Brim Full of Nobby Fixings for MenM. & B. Special \$1.00 Shirt.
Summer Underwear, 50c
garment.
Fancy Hosiery, 25c and 35c.
Neckwear, 25c and 50c.
Union Suits, \$2.50 to \$4.00.
Short Sleeve Baldriggan, 50c
Extra sizes and stout also.
Extra sizes and stout also.

Mullen & Bluett Clothing Co.

Corner Spring and First Streets

Established
Over a
Quarter
of a
CenturyTable Silver For
Wedding Gifts

We also make beautiful new designs in solid and triple-plate table silver in such high grade makes as Wallace, Gorham, and Wallace's Triple-Plate tea-spoons, floral or Troy patterned, 125c. Desert spoons or forks, the same. Tablespoons or forks—the same.

J. Abramson
Jeweler and Silversmith
133 South SpringROOT GOING TO BRAZIL.
Will Attend Conference at Rio Janeiro,
Taking His Family
With Him.BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.
WASHINGTON, June 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Secretary Root, who will attend the Pan-American conference at Rio Janeiro, Brazil, has completed arrangements for his trip. He will leave this country on the cruiser Charleston, July 7, and reach Rio Janeiro, July 22. He will remain there twelve days. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Root, Miss Root, his private secretary and a maid, officer, who has sincerely yours.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

JOHN D. CAN'T GET BATH.
Water Shut Off at Chezbourg Hotel
and Billionaire Must Wait.BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.
CHERBOURG, June 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] All of John D. Rockefeller's millions could not procure him a bath today. There was neither hot nor cold water in the Casino Hotel where the Rockefeller party was staying. The proprietor announced the dread news to the richest man in the world, saying:

"I'm sorry, Monsieur, but a bath is quite impossible. The water has been shut off."

Mr. Rockefeller shrugged his shoulders and laughed. Mrs. Rockefeller changed the millionaire's itinerary for the day. She announced that she wished to start for Compiegne tonight.

AUTO RACERS LEAVE MUNICH.

Prince Henry, One of the Contestants,
Warmly Cheered by the Populace.BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.
MUNICH, June 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Of the 125 motor cars engaged in the race from Frankfurt, Germany, to Vienna, Austria, for the Homberg trophy which arrived here last night, 127 started this morning. Prince Henry of Prussia, who is one of the competitors, was warmly cheered.

The controlling committee excluded from the race one of the German cars because of legal proceedings which are impending in connection with the accident yesterday, when Herr Schler of Munich was thrown out of the car and fatally injured.

AFTER JEROME'S SCALP.

New York Committee of Five Files
Bitter Complaint With the
Governor.BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.
ALBANY, June 7.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Alleging that Dist. Atty. Jerome has proved himself unfit for the place he occupies, that he has been guilty of malfeasance, that he has failed to perform his duty to the public, and that he has unjustly and discourteously criticized the judiciary, that he received contributions for campaign purposes from insurance interests and has wilfully participated in insurance scandals, a self-appointed committee of five New Yorkers today filed a complaint against Mr. Jerome and petitioned Gov. Higgins to remove him from office, in which they declare "he is a menace."

Signed by Chapman Dwight, former Representative Robert Baker, Joseph C. Hurley, Edward P. White, and William N. Amory, the complaint accuse the District Attorney in bitter terms.

REPORT ON ALLEViations.

BERLIN, June 7.—The Chamber of Commerce of Berlin is preparing a report for the government concerning customs and excise laws in Germany and the United States. It has been decided to give full details of the report to any American Consul or confidential agent of the United States if asked for. The chamber has also decided to employ a German expert to advise and private persons to inform the chamber how the alleviations have turned out.

FOSTER ADDRESSES MINISTERS.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Ministers from all the Middle West yesterday listened to Prof. George Baker Foster of the University of Chicago, whose advanced ideas in theology published in "The Finality of the Christian Religion" caused a stir in the local Baptist pastors. Prof. Foster set forth some of his theories in an address on "The Modern Conception of God" at the session of the Congress of Religious yesterday.

MOB SEEKS NEGRO'S LIFE.

SIOUX CITY, June 7.—A telephone message from Lemars says the mob is surrounding a hotel and threatening to burn it down. The negro is accused of having committed a white girl this afternoon. The negro is said to be an employee of a circus that exhibited at Lemars yesterday.

STEAMER SONOMA OVERDUE.

HONOLULU, June 8 (12:30 P. M.)—The steamer Sonoma, from San Francisco, is twenty-four hours overdue and has not yet been sighted.

\$5
For this
Suit
CaseThe Greatest
OF ALL THE
Neckwear and
Shirtwaist Sales

It seems that there never were so many. But

Classified Liners.

Times "Liners" Advertisers—Important Note Change in rates for Sunday classified advertisements. Commencing Sunday, October 1, 1905, the rate for Sunday "Liners" was raised to 1/4 cents per word for each insertion; minimum charge, 25 cents, as at present. The change is made and fully justified by the present Sunday circulation of The Times, which averages over 70,000 copies. (When the 1-cent-per-word rate was established in 1893, The Times Sunday circulation was only 14,000 copies.) The "Liners" rate for the daily 1/4 cent per word will stand as at present.

Telephone your want advertisements. King up "The Times" any time of day or night, and send prompt and full attention. Rates 1/4 cent a word each insertion in the Daily; 1/4 cents per word in the Sunday; 1/4 cent minimum charge, 25 cents.

"Liners" (classified) advertisements for Sunday insertion received over the counter, or by telephone after 11 o'clock Saturday nights will be inserted under heading "Too Late to Classify."

The Times cannot guarantee accuracy or assume responsibility for errors of any kind occurring in telephone advertisements.

Sunday real estate advertisements to be classified, must be in The Times office before 10 o'clock Saturday nights. Rate 1/4 cents per word.

SPECIAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between William E. Hughes and George C. Peckham, doing business under the firm name of Hughes & Peckham, at No. 194-6-7 Union Trust Bldg., in the city of Los Angeles, State of California, is dissolved by mutual consent April 1, 1905.

W. E. HUGHES,
G. C. PECKHAM.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF VACANCY

Dear Ladies and gentlemen, are invited to call at rooms of the American Vibrator Company, to view a portable vibrator, it will stimulate and increase the circulation, cure indigestion and make your checks fly. Lady attention. Room 602, G. T. JOHNSON BLDG., cor. 5th and Broadway.

YOU FURNISH THE SNAP AND I WILL FURNISH THE CASH, customer wanted in Los Angeles, Calif. We will be there to help you. Call 612.

G. DOYLE & CO., Real Estate, 100 First Street, 165 B. Broadway.

QUONG WO & CO., 500 Alameda St., Los Angeles, Calif.

This firm will furnish bonds on 10th of June, 1905; creditors please collect all bills before the 10th of the month. QUONG WO & CO.

ANY PERSON SHELLING THE ACCIDENT on the 5th of April at 12:30 noon, when a man fell into a sidewalk hole in front of Our Drug Store, is requested to come to our office and give address to H. C. MAYHAN, 20 E. 5th st., city.

NOTICE—HERBERT, NOTIFY THE PUBLISHER AND EDITOR, contributed by my wife, Mrs. G. C. Cummings, signed, G. C. CUMMING, 10.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

To whom it may concern. Don't croak my name on my deathbed. Call 716 on the 7th day of June, 1905. EDWARD DEFFERBACH.

NOTICE—AND AFTER THIS DATE I will be responsible for my debts contracted by my wife, E. M. CRAIL, 23 W. 2nd St., city.

CALIFORNIA STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, clean carpets, upholstering and repairing, 28 E. 44th. Tel. Main 11. Home 210.

CHINESE SWEEPING, FLOOR CLEANING, all kinds of cleaning, 20 W. 2nd St., Home 210. "Phone 11.

PARASOL AND GLOVE MAKERS, 101 W. Fourth St., Los Angeles, Calif.

WINDSOR CLEANING, 101 W. Fourth St., Los Angeles, Calif.

FEATHER PILLOWS RENOVATED AT ACME FEATHER PILLOW, 206 San Pedro Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

REMEMBER THIS FREE HEALTH LECTURE AT HARRIMAN HALL, 27th & S. Hill St., Los Angeles, Calif.

MAP OF SHADY PLACES, WALL PAINT, BROS., 20 Spring.

DO YOU WANT TO BUY, RENT OR RENT TO US? see us. ADAMS-JASPER CO., 101 Spring.

RATE FOR AD'S UNDER THIS HEADING 10c per line; minimum charge 2c.

LAKE CURTAINS LAUNDERED BY HAND, Home 2474, West St. KDR. ESTATE.

PERSONAL—Business.

PERSONAL—PROF. REDFERN, WORLD'S GREATEST PSYCHIC, PALMIST AND ASTROLOGER, DEAD TRANCE MEDIUM, ALWAYS CORRECT, THE ONLY ONE IN THE WORLD THAT HE IS ABOVE ALL OTHERS HE WILL GIVE HIS FULL LIFE READING FOR YOU AND WHEN YOU WILL MARRY, IF HUSBAND OR WIFE IS TRUE OR FALSE, HOW TO MAKE THOSE WHO LOVE THEM, FEEL AS THOUGH A THOUSAND MILES AWAY, HOW TO SUCCEED IN BUSINESS, SPECULATION, LAW, MEDICINE, ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC. ETC.

YOUR CHOICE, HOW TO REGAIN HEALTH, VITALITY, REMOVES EASY INFLUENCE, CURES NERVOUS DISEASES, ETC.

IN FACT, NO MATTER WHAT YOUR TROUBLE, THIS FAMOUS MAN CAN HELP YOU, PERMANENTLY LOCATED, 211 S. Hill, near THIRD St.

PERSONAL—PROF. ALTHOUSE, CELEBRATED PATHOLOGIST, recognized by the best medical men in the country, and in this country, His readings scientific, absolutely correct, and no other man can give you all questions of life. Also casts horoscopes, maps, etc. Home 2474, West St. KDR. ESTATE.

PERSONAL—YOU FURNISH THE SNAP and I will furnish the cash customer, wanted in Los Angeles, Calif. and acreage; just as it is a man, we will make him a woman.

R. G. DOYLE & CO., Real Estate, 100 First Street, 165 B. Broadway.

PERSONAL—MRS. MARRION, THE NOTED London palmist is at 12 E. Spring St. Readings are accurate and scientific and give all information desired.

HIGH CLASS PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, RELIABLE PERSONAL ADVICE, 101 W. 2nd St., Los Angeles, Calif.

PERSONAL—WOULD LIKE TO ARRANGE with some business firm as manager of a department, charge of suburban real estate office, etc. Call 205, 2nd St., Los Angeles.

PERSONAL—EXTRA, EXTRA, THE GREAT dead trend seems, Lillian Dale tells just what we want to know, and true, no humbug. 555 B. BROADWAY, update.

PERSONAL—STONER, MAGNETIC HEALER, or card reading, 100 E. Main, 10.

WANTED—Business.

WANTED—BOY FOR INDISE WORK, AP- BY FLETCHER TAILORING CO., 92 Broadway.

WANTED—BOY WITH WHEEL, MAC- PLAND & CO., 342 S. Broadway.

WANTED—CANDY, 1000 lbs., 1000 feet of floor, EWENS, 220 W. First.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TAILOR, ON 116 W. SECOND ST., room 22.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, \$25.00 a day, Call 200 E. Second.

WANTED—SHOEMAKER FOR FINE REPAIRING, No. 10 N. Main St.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS GROCERY SO- MERSON, 101 W. 2nd St., Los Angeles.

WANTED—BOY WITH WHEEL, 100 E. BROADWAY.

WANTED—GOOD SHOEMAKER AT 324 E. 10th.

WANTED—POSITION ON MEN'S CLOTH- ing, Call 1552 S. Main.

WANTED—STRONG BOY, CALL 8-A.M., 22 BRYSON BLDG.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LATHE HAND, 2050 B. St.

WANTED—BOY FOR INDISE WORK, AP- BY FLETCHER TAILORING CO., 92 Broadway.

WANTED—BOY WITH WHEEL, MAC- PLAND & CO., 342 S. Broadway.

WANTED—CANDY, 1000 lbs., 1000 feet of floor, EWENS, 220 W. First.

WANTED—BOY FOR INDISE WORK, AP- BY FLETCHER TAILORING CO., 92 Broadway.

WANTED—CANDY, 1000 lbs., 1000 feet of floor, EWENS, 220 W. First.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE MAN TO WORK IN PRINTING OFFICE, McKEE PRINTING CO., 201 N. Main St.

WANTED—MAN EXPERIENCED IN PRINTING WORK; steady work. Apply 212 S. Hill St.

WANTED—BOOK BINDER, FINISHER, GLASS BOOK BINDING CO., 206 Boyd St.

WANTED—BRICK MASON AT 62 S. UNION

FRIDAY, JUNE 8, 1906.

MANY SENIORS
GET DIPLOMAS.

Fifty-five in Throop Graduating Class.

Largest Number Ever Turned Out at Once.

Intrusive Programme and Pretty Decorations.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.

MADISON, June 7.—Sixty-five

seniors of the senior class of Throop Institute received their

degrees this evening at the First

Methodist Church, corner Colorado

and Madison Avenue.

This is the largest ever graduated at

the school, and the largest

ever overswollen with enthusiasm

and friends of the company—the lat-

est and most youthful.

"When exposure comes, he whose

conscience has become astrophied by

censure or misuse, shrieks for penal

justice against all offenders, and him-

self. Let us, on the contrary, judge him

and let the foolish and

foolish men throw off their garments of

glory, and stand clothed and in

their right minds before their neigh-

bors and before God."

VOYAGES OF DOCTORS.

"The young lawyer who will select

his cases, may make his practice measure up to the full stature of his manhood; but he will be called eccentric, and will miss many fees. While lawyers are anxious to precede and

bound by authority, doctors seem to

everywhere, sailing on voyages of

discovery."

"Three hundred years ago, that

prodigy of learning and miracle of

wisdom, Francis Bacon, approved

the medicinal properties of 'earth

worms, timber sows, snakes, vipers and

the putrefactions of animals and plants."

"At that time dreams of alchemy

shamed some great minds; the which

was a woman of unholy wisdom in

healing simples, and the barbers-

surgeon dressed most of the wounds made

in his neighborhood. But since that

time the path of the centuries

has worked many wonders, and the

discoveries made in medicine and sur-

gery."

"Andrea Vesalius stopped the use of

boiling pitch as a dressing for amputa-

tions, and that is the first great ex-

ception. I heard learned surgeons talk cheer-

fully of 'laudable pus,' which heresy

would now debar them from practice

and from the practice of their art for all time.

"Without manual training these

benefactors would have been like fish

without fins in the sea or birds without

wings in the air. Their seeing eyes and

hearing ears, and their voices, and their

creative minds, or their conception

would die formless and void.

Fingers that think change thoughts to

facts and dreams into realities."

"After the Civil War, the

French, English, and American

and German physicians

and surgeons, and their students, and

and their wives, and their children, and

and their parents, and their grandpar-

ents, and their great-grandparents,

and their great-great-grandparents,

and their great-great-great-grandparents,

and their great-great-great-great-grand-

parents, and their great-great-great-great-

grandparents, and their great-great-great-

grandparents, and their great-great-

OFFICIAL REVIEW OF WATER PROJECT.

*Report of Board to the City Council
Contains Concise Statement of the
Inception, Adoption and Develop-
ment of Owens River Enterprise,
and Resulting Benefits.*

IN VIEW of the distortions of public records, perversions of official statements and impudent misstatements of fact concerning the Owens River project, in conversation and in print, instigated by the corporate interests, the public appeal is made to the people of the city's enterprise and by the possibility of city and county consolidation, an official review of the situation is interesting and informing to the public. Such a review is contained in the following report of the Water Commissioner to the City Council, filed yesterday:

To the Honorable City Council of the City of Los Angeles: We have to submit to your honorable body the following report, pursuant to the statement made in our annual report, filed December 18, 1896, that a complete report was necessary to the project of the city for obtaining a water supply in the Owens River Valley, and embracing the report of Messrs. Lippincott and Mulholland on the hydrography of Southern California, would be given to the City Council by this board at a later date.

The year of 1896 will, in all probability, be regarded in the future as one of the most important in the history of this city, in respect to the initiation of one of the boldest undertakings for providing a municipal water supply ever attempted by a city of the size of Los Angeles. We, therefore, deem it proper to state briefly the history of this extraordinary project of bringing water from a source so distant as the Owens River, and to relate the steps that have been taken by this board, both independently and in conjunction with the honorable body, for the purpose of securing for the city an adequate water supply.

It will be remembered that, in the three preceding annual reports of this board, it was implied, if not expressly, intimated, that the city would soon outgrow her entire available water supply; and in the annual report of the city for the year ending November 20, 1894, the announcement was made in reference to the Los Angeles River, that "the time has arrived when we shall have to supplement its flow from some other source." In 1896 our population, as shown by the Federal census, was 52,000. By 1899 it had doubled. In the next five years it doubled again, and by the end of November, 1899, it will probably reach 250,000.

The extraordinary growth of the city naturally provoked much public discussion of the limitations of our water supply, and the question of providing an additional supply engaged the most serious attention of this board.

Numerous projects were, from time to time, proposed by various persons who had, or believed they had, water rights to sell to the city that would be adequate for her future needs, but the board decided that, before selecting any of these, for the sake of a thorough investigation should be made of all available sources of water supply in Southern California. The board, accordingly, employed Mr. J. B. Lippincott, well-known hydraulic engineer, who by his extensive investigations in this region for the United States government, was exceptionally well fitted for this work, to make an accurate report of this situation. Mr. Lippincott, with Mr. William Mulholland, the Superintendent of the water department, who, by reason of his long experience and practice as a hydraulic engineer in the service of the United States, was qualified to conduct such investigation. The report of these gentlemen is presented herewith, and it will be found well worth perusal and study by every citizen having the city's interests at heart, and by those desirous to obtain a knowledge of the hydrography of Southern California.

This report conclusively showed that no water supply could be obtained by the city in Southern California. Several months before it was formally presented to the board, the result of the extensive investigations of Mr. Lippincott, Mr. Lippincott was made known to us, revealing the extreme seriousness of the situation in which the city was placed. It became evident to the board that the future growth and prosperity of the city depended on the discovery of a source of water supply outside this section of the State; so that, when Mr. Frederick Eaton, unfolded to the board his plan of obtaining water for the needs of the city from the Owens River, more than two hundred miles distant, it appeared to us to present the only feasible scheme for providing the city with a supply sufficient for its future needs.

On September 18, 1896, Mr. Mulholland, at the request of Mr. Eaton, to the Owens River, following, on route, approximately the course of a conduit which would have to be driven high up the mountains to the city. Upon his return Mr. Mulholland reported to us that an abundance of pure water for the city's needs could be procured from the Owens River, and that its amount and quality were perfectly practicable. Whereupon, a corps of surveyors was put to work, under his direction, upon the most difficult portion of the route that would be traversed by the conduit, and the cost of the same was estimated by the time agents of the United States government, connected with its reclamation service, had been remaking investigation of the water supply in the Owens Valley, with a view to the conservation of the most important of water annually flowing into the Owens Lake, and there lost, as far as any useful purpose is concerned, with the object of extending the conduit to the city. The data thus collected, coupled with the personal observations of Mr. Eaton and others of long acquaintance with the hydrography of the Owens River, gave the basis of a plan to be submitted to this board in determining the sufficiency and availability of the Owens River as a source of water supply.

In April, 1896, Messrs. Fay and Elmer, the City Engineers, and Mr. Mayor McLean, City Attorney Mathews and Messrs. Eaton and Mulholland, made a visit to the Owens River Valley for the purpose of further investigation of the conditions existing there, and of concluding a proposal from Mr. Eaton to sell and transfer to the city certain options and contracts for the purchase of lands and water rights along the Owens River.

After carefully considering all available information concerning sources of water supply sufficient for the needs of the city, both inside and outside of Southern California, the board became thoroughly convinced that the Owens valley affords the only adequate supply that could be obtained by the city for its water needs.

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Corona Little makes a drama

CHEERFUL BLIND ONES.

Club Composed of Those Who Cannot See Dark Days Holds First Celebration and Meeting.

A quietly interesting and unique social function was held last night at the home of W. L. Hopkins, No. 1825 First street, with the initiation meeting of the Blind Men's Social and Beneficial Club was held. In addition to the fifteen members of the organization there were fully thirty friends and relatives present in the gaily decorated house.

The club was organized about two weeks ago. Its object is the mutual assistance of the blind who are unable to help themselves. Many of the members are well-to-do, and are in a position to help others less fortunate.

The evening was pleasantly spent with music and recitations. Mr. Ramsey, the association's phonograph, played the association's phonograph while known airs to the hearty singing of the blind guests. Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey had prepared an excellent luncheon and following it, Rev. Baker and wife, the noted blind evangelistic singers of the city, sang a few pieces. This aged couple were the center of the entertainment.

The officials of the club are Frank Shuster, president; W. L. Hopkins, first vice-president; W. H. Williams, second vice-president; W. W. Collins, treasurer. The club meets on the natural day of each of the members.

A NOTHER CLERK AMASSES STOCK.

JOSEPH K. AIKEN ACCUMULATES FORTUNE.

Receives Large Amounts from the Coal Companies on Account of His Position in Office of the Pennsylvania Railroad With Only Moderate Salary—Boyer Is Discharged.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—Testimony before the Interstate Commerce Commission today, Joseph K. Aiken, who has been chief clerk in the office of the superintendent of the Monongahela Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, revealed almost as startling evidence as that given by Joseph Boyer before the commission yesterday. On a salary which he said varied from \$30 to \$12 a month, Aiken had purchased stock in different coal companies amounting to nearly \$75,000.

He admitted having received gifts of cash from coal operators on the Pennsylvania lines and had also received \$50 a month for several months from a company store.

Mr. Aiken, at the outset, showed a disposition to spar with Attorney Glasgow. After almost every question he would stop to reflect, cast his eyes about the room, and then answer the question before answering. He told of large coal company interests, which he said he had purchased with his own money. When Mr. Glasgow wanted to know how he got the money, he answered by his judicious investment of my salary."

In 1906, witness turned a profit of \$20,000 by selling an option on coal lands to the Pittsburgh and Buffalo Coal Company.

Witness confirmed the testimony of Joseph K. Boyer, who said yesterday that Aiken had paid him five cents a ton on coal which the Dunkirk Coal Company furnished to the railroad, for which Boyer worked.

Mr. Aiken candidly admitted that the most important business for his business which Boyer could give him, was to find out what coal companies would probably establish its first diversion works about 3,500 feet, or more than 350 feet above the elevation at the City Hall. It is estimated that from the diversion of the water power along the conduit at least 50,000 horse power might be developed, so that the city would have, from this source, after lighting its own streets, parks and buildings, large amounts of power available for domestic and other power purposes.

It is easy to perceive that the amount of revenue that might be derived from this source, together with the new importance of the water department, would be considerable, but not the whole, at least a substantial part, of the indebtedness to be incurred by the city in completing this project.

The elevation above sea level of the Owens River is about 3,500 feet, or more than 350 feet above the elevation at the City Hall. It is estimated that from the diversion of the water power along the conduit at least 50,000 horse power might be developed, so that the city would have, from this source, after lighting its own streets, parks and buildings, large amounts of power available for domestic and other power purposes.

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DAY, JUNE 8, 1906.

IER LOVER'S
CONFESSION.

"NO TAXES."

Non Goode Was Real Bad,
States Allen.He Was Lost and Saved
by Her Smiles.History of the Pretty Girl Is
Cleared at Last.The mystery surrounding the bad
girl was brushed away yester-
day.Allen confessed. Like Rev. Rob-
ert Curtis' celebrated boy hero,
he named on somebody else. He
denied the malice surrounding the
young personality of the fair MissAllen. It appears that the beautiful
girl has been deceiving us
in the girl who was arrested un-
usual circumstances in this
white age, and who confessed
she was stolen from typewriters from
Los Angeles High School. She was
thin and modest and sweet-looking.

The Court let her go.

Allen, Eugene Allen, to whom it
was said she had been secretly
engaged, was about to be sent to
prison, but Nixon's tears pre-
vented it, and he was released on proba-

tion.

Allen was brought into court yester-
day, and the probation officer gave a good
report on his conduct, the court or-
dered charges against him to be

dropped.

LOST BY A SMILE.

Allen sat at going free at last,

and the story of the girl who

typewriters to save him from go-

ing to prison.

Allen said that he met her one day on
the street, near the corner of Tenth
and Main. They talked easily in
the same place. They remem-
bered the previous meeting and smiled
again.Then they walked down
the street together.Allen said it was the most natural
place in the world, they went around
and she invited him into her
home where she showed him the pic-
ture of her family.Allen said that she had been sent
to him by her parents for her health.She had run away from home and
left her. Mr. Allen never
knew her parents.

Allen had come to her house

NOT SO GOOD.

Allen learned soon afterward

that she was the modest, per-

fect girl he had been looking for.

Allen's conventional freedom

caused him to be really in love with

her.

Allen had no way of sup-

plying himself.

He tried the very easy

way of getting money from his grand-
parents and tried to make it into more

by gambling with it at As-

sault to enrich the book-

shop.

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plying himself.

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LOOTED IN VAIN.

Allen found them back to their room

and then downtown the next day,

and then he went to tell them.

Allen lost, however, is a hard

and skillful.

They were prompt-

to offer him the money they offered them to

Allen.

Allen's devotion to young Allen, pre-

dicted the whole blame on her.

Allen was allowed to go, however.

Allen, however, said Allen, "no

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 8, 1906.

California del Sur.

CITY AND COUNTRY.

On All News Stands. 15 CENTS
Trains and Streets.

N.B. Blackstone Co.
DRY GOODS
SPRING AND THIRD STS.

Parasol Popularity

In line with fashion THIS SEASON one must carry a parasol to match the gown, especially if the gown be of white. When such attractive styles as we now show may be had in small an outfit there's no excuse for any woman clinging to last season's sun shade.

PARASOLS, \$1.75—Made of silk lined on well-built frames; finished with wide satiny edge or a broad band pattern. Bamboo or natural wood. \$1.75.

\$1.25 Dress Silks
Tomorrow at 50c a Yard

Watch this space in tomorrow's paper for particulars of silk sale that you will be interested in.

Extra Values in Bedding and Towels

Everyone need a new supply of bedding and linens? In it does better advantage of these new assortments at once. Just a hint:

COMFORTERS made of pure white cotton and with a good grade of silk—priced in handsome new all colors—**\$1.25**

COTTON BLANKETS in either white or gray, fancy borders; 11-4 size, \$1.00; 10-4 size, 75c
18x26 hemmed. White Bath Towels, extra heavy; special at 15c.

Kranich & Bach Pianos

In your home you immediately recognize as a judge of quality. Kranich & Bach represents the in piano manufacture—artistic in tone construction.

Actual use. Es-
tablished 1849.

J. Birkel Company
Gotham and Victor Dealers
17 S. Spring St.

LOUIS XV

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Kranich & Bach Pianos in nine styles, \$475.00 and upwards. Purchasable by monthly installments, if desired. Catalogue and descriptions sent upon request.

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

The Council committee of the whole recommended the sale yesterday of a trolley franchise on Seventh street and Boyle avenue, extending from Broadway to the eastern city limits.

Consideration of plans for the annexation of contiguous territory was postponed by the Council for one week.

Bids for city advertising were referred by the Council yesterday to the City Attorney for an opinion whether the Daily Journal is a fit medium for publication of ordinances.

Mrs. "Bud" Lewis was arrested yesterday on an old incorrigible complaint, but really because as Nellie Mundell she broke her promise to the court and married.

The Los Angeles Railway Company yesterday settled suits brought by two little girls, for damages growing out of the accident Christmas Eve at Second and Spring streets.

Robert Bouchon, for stealing a watch which he explained he "found" in his pocket, was sent to State's prison for two years.

In the Police Court yesterday, Harry Schwerin was held for trial on two charges of issuing fictitious checks.

AT THE CITY HALL.

SEVENTH STREET WANTS RAILWAY.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS SALE OF FRANCHISE.

New Line Would Extend from Broadway to Eastern City Limits. Application Comes from Committee of Business Men—Mystery Attaches to Read Behind Petition.

The Council committee of the whole passed a resolution yesterday, recommending the sale of a street-railway franchise on East Seventh street and Boyle avenue, extending from Broadway to the eastern city limits.

A year and a half ago the Council advertised this franchise for sale, but received no bids, the street railway companies declining to build a road under the twenty-one-year franchise limit.

Application for the sale of the franchise came from half a dozen persons and firms interested in Boyle Heights property. They aver that the development of the eastern section of the city want to be annexed, and the Council hesitates to call an election.

Councilman Egan led the movement for offering the franchises for sale. About all the petitioners are heavy property owners in his ward.

Speculation is as to the probable price of the franchise. More than a year ago Attorney Dunn, representing the Huntington companies, informed the Council that none of the companies will build or operate a railway on a twenty-one-year tract.

At the time the franchise of the Los Angeles-Pacific Railway was announced that they will not buy any twenty-one-year franchises. This announcement placed a quietus on a rumor that the Harriman lines are behind the application, and that it is to be followed by a bid for a blanketed franchise.

Just now the mystery is almost as great as was that of the transcontinental company that was going to build under the twenty-one-year franchise.

Howton voiced the only opposition to offering the franchise for sale. He charged that a corporation, at present unknown, is the real applicant. This he adds, because that the Examiner has sold out to the corporation promising not to oppose the sale of the franchise.

He said that the change of policy on the part of the Examiner, however, should direct to community interests.

After varying estimates as to the probable price that will be bid for the franchise, the committee recommended that the City Attorney be instructed to prepare an ordinance offering the franchise for sale.

ARRESTED FOR BEING A BRIDE.

MRS. "BUD" IN JAIL BECAUSE SHE IS MARRIED.

Juvenile Court Officers Did Their Best to Prevent Her Wedding, But They Might Have Known Nellie Mundell Would Get Her "Bud" the Moment She Was Free.

Mrs. "Bud" Lewis, or as she is better known, Nellie Mundell, is in the County Jail and today will be called to account for holding the court in contempt in having married after pledging her word that she would not.

When Nellie went to San Bernardino, her father arranged the details. He asked his daughter "kid" he calls her—it she was bent upon marrying "Bud," and she answered coyly: "Yes, sir."

She then went before J. Marion Brooks, as a notary public, and signed a type-written consent to her marriage, and with that in her possession sent her down to the Los Angeles depot.

"Bud" met the train at San Bernardino, Judge Biedron refused to marry the couple, ignoring the consent of the father in the light of Frank's recent decision in the habeas corpus proceeding that when a parent ceases for any reason to be the guardian of his or her child the State steps in.

But with a marriage license in their possession the written consent of the guardian and the sanction afforded by the presence of her aunt, Mrs. Gibson, who resides at San Bernardino, Nellie Mundell was not going to miss her wedding. The trio went to the residence of the Rev. E. K. Holden, a Congregational minister, and he tied the knot fast and tight.

Then the game of cross purposes was resumed between the bride and the law. Judge Wilbur issued a warrant for the arrest of the newly-married young woman, and Deputy Sheriff Conroy, of the city police, took the train to Bakersfield, while "Bud" took the train to Paasdena.

Mr. Willard left San Bernardino at exactly the same time to return to Paasdena. At San Bernardino of the deputy sheriff soon learned of the departure of the bridal party, and telephoned to Los Angeles on the first train, obtaining a train and drove to the home of Nellie's grandmother on Old Fair Oaks avenue, Pasadena.

It was scarce 5 o'clock yesterday morning, and all the doors to the house were locked. In a taut close by the grandmother burst in, shouting that the old lady cheerfully, saying that he was driving fast and wanted to wish Nellie good luck.

"Why, are you a friend of Nellie's?" and the old lady looked suspiciously at him.

"A friend," exclaimed Conroy, as though deeply wounded at being being suspected as other than a friend, "why, I've known Nellie right along and just wanted to wish her luck."

"Then come along," and the old grandmother pronounced the "open door" and the doors were open, and Mrs. "Bud" Lewis was next minute under arrest.

The warrant on which she is held is on an old incorrigible complaint which was never dismissed, and was roared in in order to satisfy an emergency. Today the girl will be tried before Judge Wilbur, though how the charge of incorrigibility is to be maintained against a married woman is not quite clear. The marriage wipes

the warrant off, and the marriage is now in order.

Minute Clerk Wible produced an unsigned communication, which he found on the clerk's desk. This communication created some controversy.

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WEEKLY CIRCULATION—Daily net average for 1900, 42,122 copies; Sunday average for same period, 60,914 copies.

Yesterday's Regular Edition 44,630

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PART II: EDITORIAL, LOCAL AND BUSINESS SECTION

Dem-Public

Chicago's meat is all the world's names.

Senator Crane is going to be married. In due course the stork may be expected to visit the Crane.

That London Leadenham ought to go off and "reincarnate" himself, and then spell his name right—Dreadbeater.

The Cannon "Booms" is a headline that recalls Port Arthur. But if refers only to Mr. Speaker and the Presidency.

The best news, if not "canned," is at least censored. And we may soon expect to hear of some of the sub-officials being "canned."

The muck-rake is certainly working over in Chicago. But how about Omaha and Kansas City? There are a few batoons there, we just wait.

The great man is the one who does the most for humanity," says Rockefeller. By this ruling John D. own chances of being historically classed as great are decidedly slim.

Witness Wilson, agent of the packers, testifies that canned meat is as bad five years after it is put up as it is five minutes afterward. Probably true. It couldn't be otherwise.

Interviewed at Liverpool, Rockefeller says he takes "a cheerful, happy view of things." His viewpoint, however, is not just the same as that of those who have been ruined by the Standard Oil monopoly.

The Chicago packing-houses have been found to filter that it really looks as if there ought to be a law against forcing respectable live hogs into them. No wonder so many droop dead before the knife gets 'em.'

Prof. Omori, the great Japanese seismologist, declares that California will henceforth be immune from quakes. At the same time a Pennsylvania newspaper states that a number of Quakers are going to colonize here.

John D. Rockefeller, when he landed in Plymouth, the other day, optimistically observed that the world "is growing better." Fact. This half is breathing easier, anyway. But then—John will soon be with us again.

The Canadian liner *Carepathia* ran into a school of whales in mid-Atlantic, and one of the leviathans actually in two "very little shock 'em," it reported from the steamer. The whale had no time to record his earthquake experience.

Mr. Armour, who cans carrots for a living, complains that the exposure of the secrets of Chicago's charnel houses is going to do an immense amount of damage to his business. Please to hear him. That is the only punishment he can feel.

The Boston Chamber of Commerce goes to the bed-rock bottom of the insurance situation when it calls upon the companies to show that the money paid to them for protection has not been squandered and "grafted" before they raise rates.

Chicago's Chief of Police is a keen enough man to determine to his own satisfaction the reason back of Mayor Tunney's reluctance to confer with him on the best means of dealing with anarchists. It is a perfectly natural thing that an official should desire to shield his friends.

Denver is making elaborate and effective preparations to "soak" the expected summer tourist. Hotel keepers are erecting all their permanent patronage to make room for the transients, because they can get more for a room by the week than by the year. But empty hotels through the long winter may be the result of the greedy scheme.

Gov. Sparks of Nevada tells the miners of Goldfield that any violence against the Western Union Telegraph Company would be quickly checked by the State government, but nobody has heard him tell the Western Federation thugs in the Bullfrog district that their violence against non-union men and visitors, whom they beat and order to "hike" over the desert, will be checked or even disapproved by the authorities of Nevada.

A man must not do any courting until he is twenty-four, and even then he must formally notify the parents of the girl girl, and sign an affidavit before a justice of the peace that his intentions are strictly honorable—thus says a crank's bill introduced into the State Legislature at Baton Rouge. But it may safely be predicted that the good old song, "Just Whistle, and I'll Come to You, My Lad," will continue to be sung "way down in Louisiana."

A vessel carrying Gen. Castillo and other Guatemalan refugees has put into the port of Corinto, Nicaragua. One report says the men are huddled together, another that they are simply loading up with coal and ammunition.

Similarly conflicting announcements are made in regard to the land movements—rebels beaten today, victorious tomorrow. The only sure things seem to be that as yet there is no sure news of all as to the progress of the insurrection.

and in fact all material nature, is surcharged, became available as power to drive carding machines, looms, trip hammers, and railroad cars.

By these scientific discoveries and their application in mechanical appliances, coal is rapidly taking a secondary place in the industrial world. Every stream becomes vastly more valuable from its capacity to generate electricity than it ever was from its power to turn a wheel by the force of gravity. The enhanced value of coal makes it much easier for the electric current to compete with the old source of power.

The effect of this radical change will have exceedingly widespread effects in the industrial world. For more than half a century England had held the first place in nearly all industries because of her abundant supply of cheaply produced and highly excellent coal. No country which nature has not endowed with the same great gift of sunbeams stored up in vegetable growth in the ribs of the earth for ages could think of competing with the "tight little isle" in the useful industries of the day. England could spin and weave wool, cotton, flax, silk and hemp at less cost than any of her industrial rivals. The workmen of England had the same advantage over the followers of Tubal-Cain among all other nations. And so England had the markets of the world within the grasp of her hand, and nobody could wrench these great possessions from her grasp.

But with electricity taking the place of coal, the situation is entirely changed. England is peculiarly lacking in great streams of high descent. It is mostly a flat country, and while her streams are numerous and run full, they are for the most part very sluggish. Until very recently the manufacturer anywhere in Italy was obliged to send over to England and bring coal around by the Straits of Gibraltar at great cost, which made it impossible to compete with his English rival with a factory at the mouth of a coal pit. But Italy has numerous streams of greater or less volume, and nearly all of very rapid descent from the snow-capped ridges of her great mountain systems. The result is that Italy, from a country where manufacturing industries were almost unknown, is rapidly becoming an important manufacturing nation. Germany has had a fair amount of coal, but so inferior at best to that of England that the people of that empire were but little able to compete with their English rivals that were the people of Italy. But Germany also has immense streams of water, some of which come down from very high mountain peaks, furnishing power to supply a great volume of electric current. The new awakening of German industrial life is directly traceable in large measure to this application of electricity to do mechanical work.

In our own country the States thus far offered—that Los Angeles is scheming to "gobble up" or absorb the less populous municipalities—no objection at all, for it is absolutely without truth. It is simply a "boogey-man," put forth by the enemies of consolidation to frighten the people of the smaller communities adjacent to Los Angeles. The intelligent people of these communities will certainly come to a full perception of the truth, sooner or later. They will then perceive that the sole aim of Los Angeles is to perfect a more simple and less expensive government for cities and county, in which, for purposes of tax levies and collection, etc., there will be but one set of officials, where now there are two, and which will provide for the payment of one tax at one place instead of two taxes at two places. This plan will save the people time, trouble, and expense.

Another purpose of consolidation is to provide unified control of the free harbor which the government is constructing at San Pedro. This surely, will be a distinct benefit to every resident of every city and village in the county.

Still another object is to secure a general sharing, throughout the county, of the blessings of the Owens River water which is to be brought from the Sierras to this section. Then came the development of the coal beds of the basin of the Great Lakes and the evolving of great manufacturing industries through the Central States.

The country west of the Rocky Mountains was peculiarly devoid of free supplies of coal, and because of this lack this great region has been handicapped in the race with the Eastern States of the coal deposits of Pennsylvania have had a great advantage over the rest of the country in all manufacturing enterprises. Then came the development of the coal beds of the basin of the Great Lakes and the evolving of great manufacturing industries through the Central States.

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The main development of this idea will be in the assembling of naval and military contingents from all the leading countries in the world. Fleets and regiments are already promised from Great Britain, Germany, France, Spain, Portugal, Austria, Italy, Japan, Brazil and several other South American republics.

The spectacle thus afforded will be quite without precedent. This imposing display of warlike might will not be for the purposes of war but in the interests of peace. Soldiers and sailors serving under many flags will be brought together to fraternize and make friends, to learn to appreciate each other's good qualities, to respect each other's national ideals, to understand that true patriotism has in it nothing of the restless desire to fight for fighting's sake, that the primary use of arms and navies is not to wage war but to avert it, that the spirit of old struggles may die and perish while the sentiment of the universal brotherhood of man survives, strong and imperishable.

The famous and commodious Hampton Roads, where the entire navies of all the world might ride at anchor, will afford a splendid setting for such a display. Every spot in the vicinity of its historic ground, with its own local story, stirring or pathetic, woven into the warp and woof of the proud annals of our nation. Jamestown Exposition will achieve a good end if it only serves to bring back for a spell the minds of our American youth the brave old days of three hundred years ago.

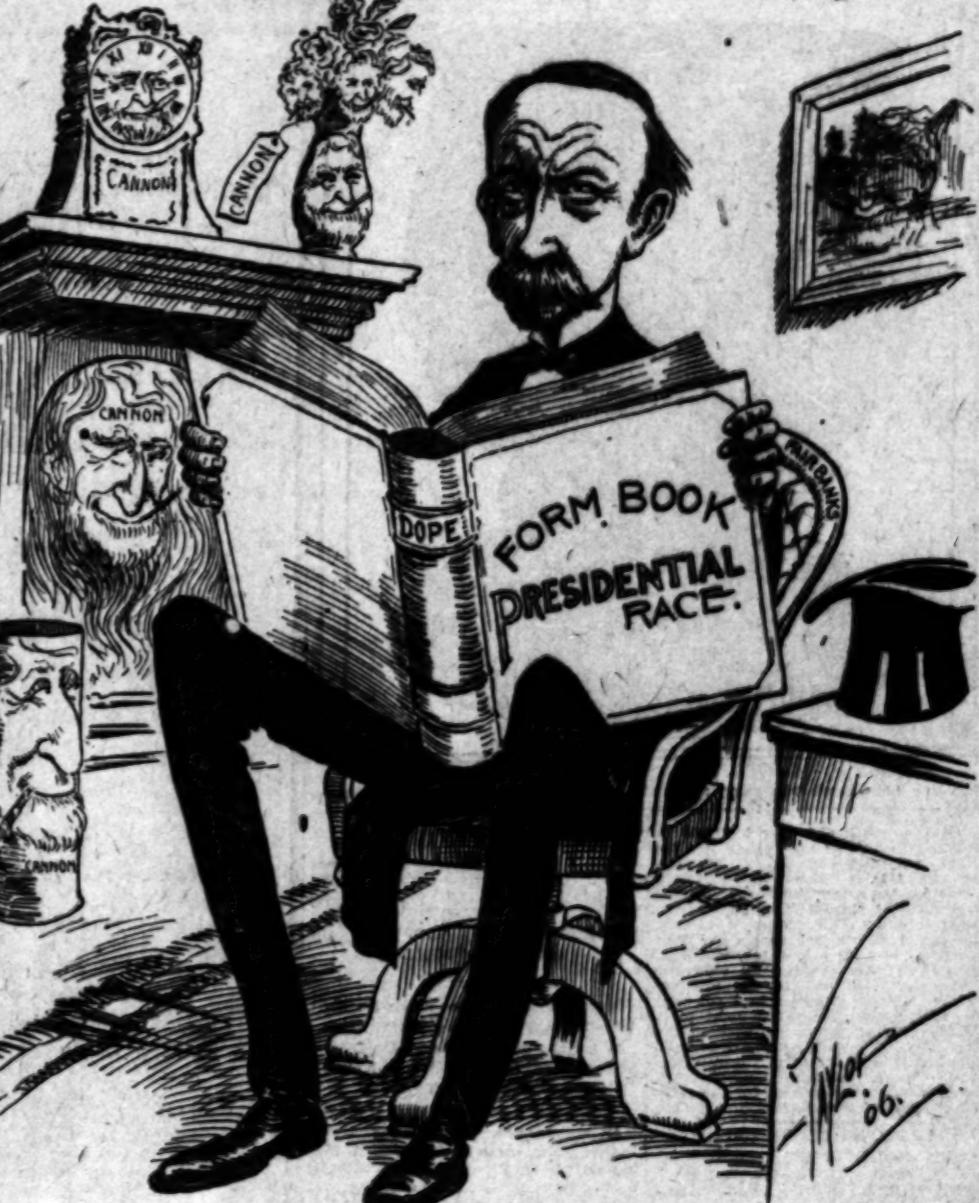
Men may have been no better then than they are today, the struggle for personal advancement may have been just as grim and selfish in 1607 as it is in 1907. But the kindly hand of time has drawn the wet sponge over all that was bad, all that was petty and sordid, and left us only the lettered story of gallant deeds, of unflinching courage, of unlimited personal sacrifice in the sacred cause of patriotism.

Therefore such an event as the Jamestown Exposition brings down once again from the dusty shelf the old dog-eared volume. The whole country will thumb it well, just as we have thumbed it in recent years for stories of Columbus, of Jefferson and the Louisiana Purchase, of Lewis and Clark's heroic pilgrimage across the continent. Even though all of us cannot travel next year to Virginia

"a trait of Mr. Rockefeller," declares that delightful old buffer and private physician of his, Dr. Blagir, "is that he insists on maintaining his ground when he believes himself right." Another trait is that he insists on retaining other people's ground when he knows himself to be wrong.

The City Council of Pittsburgh, under the direction of the Mayor, when this street car company asked for a franchise recently, put a clause in the instrument providing that for this particular franchise the company shall pay into the treasury the sum of \$1 per foot per year. The sum is not much, but those who control the street railroad privileges of Pittsburgh fear that it is the thin edge of a wedge which, when driven in far enough, will split their whole business pretty wide open.

THAT WORRIED LOOK.



THE JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION.

From one point of view international expositions may be deemed to be so steadily recurrent as to have become somewhat of a public nuisance. But from another point of view they may now be considered as an essential permanent feature of modern life—a focus-point of mingled instruction and amusement to which all who are so minded may turn at holiday time. That the latter opinion predominates, at least in this country, is proved by the fact that no sooner is one great world's fair wiped off the scene than another almost immediately enters on the process of making.

The memories of St. Louis in 1893 and of Portland in 1905 are still fresh in the popular mind. Yet we are being bidden next year to Jamestown, Va., where still another great international gathering of the nations will be held.

The Jamestown Exposition of 1907 will be unique in its way. Like all its predecessors it will commemorate a historical event, but unlike any of them it will do so by historical pageantry rather than by a glorification of industrial achievement. To celebrate the three hundredth anniversary of the first permanent settlement of an English colony on the soil of America, on the James River thirty-seven miles north of Norfolk, Va.—that is the central idea of the undertaking. The main development of this idea will be in the assembling of naval and military contingents from all the leading countries in the world. Fleets and regiments are already promised from

Great Britain, Germany, France, Spain, Portugal, Austria, Italy, Japan, Brazil and several other South American republics.

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and Hampton Roads, in the newspapers and the magazines we shall

read a lot about the old colonial times.

Therefore Los Angeles sends to Jamestown its benison, California greeks, Virginia, the rollers of the Pacific saints the breakers of the Atlantic—“May the Jamestown Exposition be completely successful.”

STREAKS OF HUMOR.

(Continued from page 1.)

What to do? The car company simply refuses to pay the money or to accept the franchise, unless this clause is straight!—[American Spectator.]

The great mass of the people of Pittsburgh have no direct interest in building this bit of road; they care little whether it is built or not. That simply concerns the population whose homes are situated along the street covered by the franchise. But the people of Pittsburgh see that from now on there will be a good deal of extension. Indeed it is thought that before very long the roads will all have to be put either into subways or into elevated lines, and they propose to exact for the privilege of operating these roads, whether underground or in the air, some compensation for the city. This is the popular mind. Yet we are being bidden next year to Jamestown, Va., where still another great international gathering of the nations will be held.

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“that is the axis of the earth!”—[Columbus Dispatch.]

Tom: Why does a girl always shut her eyes when a fellow kisses her?

Dick: Have you heard any boy else say that?

Tom: It's personal observation.

Dick: Ah, I thought so. I think it very likely true in your case, but don't attempt to generalize.—[Cleveland Leader.]

“Dear,” I said, and whispered low, “Tell me a thing I long to know.”

LOCK GATES TO OLD ROAD.

Power Company Seeks Sole Control of Canyon.

Supervisors Repulsed by Its Guardians.

Washed Out Highway Used One Hundred Years.

Shall San Antonio Cañon be closed to the public? This is a question which is causing considerable trouble at the east end of Los Angeles county.

The people of Pomona and the adjoining towns are determined that the public shall not be shut out of what is undoubtedly the most frequented resort in the part of the country. For weeks ago the Pomona merchants were arrested by the commissioners of Upland for driving up the cañon.

The inaugural banquet of the Federation Club, celebrating the opening of the new quarters under the Citizen's

response to what Judge Dillon has said apparently in criticism of the chief executive.

"There is no division of sentiment among the people of Los Angeles regarding the Owens River question, and we are also agreed that we should have some form of government in this city, and if outside cities are willing to join us in this consolidation movement we are on safe ground. We must at all times be careful. Legal and political measures must be thoughtfully framed."

"As to the harbor question, there is also no division of opinion, as we all feel a free harbor must be maintained at San Pedro. The United States government is operating its port to us as a safe harbor and it seems to me the regulation of that harbor should be vested in one board. If San Pedro, Wilmington and Long Beach each has part of the water frontage, the difficulties we have now will be continued, and we should look well to it that the water frontage is not gobbed up by private interests."

"To my friends of Long Beach, Wilmington and San Pedro I would say: Los Angeles has a terminal rate, by reason of the fact that there is water connection with it, which gives it an advantage to any of the three towns mentioned. What is the situation now? A Los Angeles merchant cannot establish his wholesale houses at either Long Beach or San Pedro, and he is forced without saying two rates. When we have a consolidated government, with these towns properly represented, all three points will enjoy the terminal rate."

BY MAJ. LEE.

THE WATER QUESTION.

Mr. Lee followed Judge Huneker and spoke briefly on the Owens River water question and its relation to the consolidation of city and county government. He said in part: "It seems clear to me Los Angeles and the surrounding country will be benefited by a consolidated government. The supply of water from Owens River is a great factor in this city which makes itself a trustee for its surrounding neighbors for the water she does not use. If consolidation comes, it must come with the hearty consent of every city; otherwise it will be useless unless there is a will to do it. I believe this consolidation will come, as we and our neighbors cannot get along without it, though we may not find this out for a long time."

"I take exception with Judge Dillon when he advocates the immediate annexation of twenty-five square miles of outside territory that is now knocking at the door of Los Angeles. It would be a mistake to take this into account in the present for we cannot supply it with water from our present resources."

"Los Angeles can handle the water project alone if she must. We can bring in water from Owens River and can issue bonds in small blocks. For the last two or three years of the time it may be a little stringent, but we can stand the strain when we know we are to get at the power resources of the country. The annexation of water from land we own and the right to which none can question. A conservative estimate shows that we can, with that amount of water, supply our city with all her power and then sell \$1,000,000 worth of water power each year. We will then be able to sell water to our sister cities at 100 a head for irrigation purposes, as we will have the power to spare. Mark what I say, though, just as sure as fate, consolidation in some form will be brought about."

PASADENA'S POSITION.

SIMON SETS IT FORTH.

Howard A. Simon was spokesman for the Pasadena delegation, and he established good feeling at once by treating humorously the differences that arose between the commission and a delegation of Pasadena that attended one of its meetings.

"Seriously, however," said Mr. Simon, "the civic pride of Pasadena should be proud of its commendable. Pasadena is proud of the size of the growth and progress of Los Angeles, and would be glad to co-operate with Los Angeles in any project beneficial to Southern California. We want to know your plans. Pasadena does not oppose them. She wants only to prevent her entry into local politics in matters which concern her. I am authorized to say for Pasadena that she will consider fairly and judiciously everything you may suggest for the good of Southern California. When you have formulated anything definite and are well prepared, Pasadena will receive it and discuss it with you. She will meet our fairly and honestly."

The applause with which Pasadena's frank statement was greeted testified to the good effect of getting together and talking things over.

NEW THERE.

LONG BEACH HAS DOUBTS.

Evidently no argument presented by the speakers touched the points concerning which Long Beach still has her "oots." Secretary Miller of the Long Beach Chamber of Commerce, said it was impossible for the delegation to take part in the argument because the master was absolutely new to the school.

"The fittings were put in at a cost of \$6000, and persons who go there expect to find something fine and comfortable at the elegance and comfort of the place."

ALSO WANTS THE HARBOR.

City Attorney Daly of Long Beach followed in a similar strain. He said Long Beach agreed that the harbor should be controlled by one municipal body, and calculated to be that body.

"If you can convince us," said Mr. Daly, "possibly we may join you, but we can't see it that way now."

Mr. Daly also made some references to the local situation between Long Beach and San Pedro.

SAN PEDRO'S ATTITUDE.

President Burns of the Chamber of Commerce, spoke for San Pedro. He explained, for the modification of Long Beach's wounded susceptibilities, how San Pedro got in touch with the Consolidation Commission by inviting a committee of that body to attend a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce. An erroneous report that San Pedro was actively engaged in the movement had been published, and the invitation was the outcome of efforts to correct the misapprehension.

"We are simply studying the matter," said Mrs. Burns. "There is an amendment proposed to San Pedro, and that is concentration of government. The harbor is now under three local governments, and the results are detrimental to a manufacturing concern. It is now looking for a site near the harbor, but it is hard to find in these zones and there will also be a large amount of small tables for those who prefer to occupy them. The reading and game rooms will be elegantly fitted up and supplied with the best magazines. G. D. Conroy and everything will be maintained at the highest notch of excellence and respectability. F. D. R. Moore was chairman of the banquet committee. The club now has a membership of

CONSOLIDATION TALK.

(Continued from First Page.)

Pedro and Long Beach can come to an agreement on their own local affairs without bringing their wash before their neighbors."

MISAPPREHENSIONS CORRECTED

The discussion was closed by former City Attorney Walter F. Haas of Los Angeles, who refuted the history of the proposed constitutional amendments and held, in answer to Mr. Huneker, that they were not hastily drawn, but were submitted to and approved by Chief Justice Beatty and Senator McInerney before they were presented to the Legislature Committee and the Governor. Mr. Haas argued in favor of annexation of territory, and his speech was well received.

The Democracy of Los Angeles

county will not place a ticket in the

field at the ensuing county election,

according to the following resolutions adopted unanimously by the Executive Committee of the County Central Committee.

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ARIZONA.
**RIOTS INCITED
BY UNIONISTS.**

*Governor Blames Federation
for Cananea Outbreaks.*

*Denver Agitators Made Tools
and Catspaws of Miners.*

*Junta Scattered Firebrands
Among Lawless Mexicans.*

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.
NAZCA (Ariz.) June 8.—Careful inquiry into the causes of the recent riots at Cananea shows that it is an incontrovertible fact that their inception can be charged to Americans of so-called bias. The inquiry also developed the fact that the same riots were checked by Americans, who stood manfully in the defense of the Mexican government and of life and property.

It was an odd situation, where aliens were relied upon to uphold the honor of the government of the land wherein they were temporary residents. Their actions were sufficient evidence of their good faith, and in turn a sufficient refutation of the lies that had been scattered along the border that a movement was on foot in Northern Sonora looking toward annexation to the United States. Whatever of revolutionary spirit was shown was upon the part of an element of the Mexican population.

FEDERATION TO BLAME.

Yet the start of the whole deplorable tragedy, according to well-informed residents of Cananea, has proceeded out of the work of men understood to represent the so-called Federation of Miners. Gov. Ysabel flatly charges the Federation with entire responsibility for the riots, and the fact that the Federation has passed resolutions commending the strike has served to confirm this. The Mexican miners, the Denver agitators were in Cananea only a short time, being invited to leave as soon as they began to act openly in their attempt to unionize the thousands of Mexican miners. But Mexican considerations were left unchanged, and stirred up the unrest that had been aroused.

Curiously enough, the greatest support to the movement inaugurated by the Denver agitators was given by a Mexican element which had nothing in common with them, but which seized upon the expression of dissatisfaction with existing conditions to serve its own ends. The Mexican miners who struck, who fought and died, were merely the tools and instruments of men of whose purposes they knew nothing, purposes so far and un-patriotic.

ORGAN OF ANARCHY.

The "labor" agitation at Cananea fell into the hands of anti-Diaz Mexicans, possibly chosen because of their opposition to the present enlightened government of the republic. The same element has been maintaining a sort of revolutionary center at Denver, where there has been published a little Spanish sheet, that has only a surreptitious circulation south of the border.

At the head of this junta were a lawyer, Placido Tora, and one Berg, who organized and directed the Junta in several of the camps of the Cananea region, and distributed sedition tracts, ostensibly based only upon an agitation for better wages, yet, incidentally, striking at Diaz. In the Green's concentrator, the most liberal, as well as one of the largest employers of labor in the republic, the miners were coaxed into the belief that they were being badly used and underpaid, and the strike was the result and bloodshed that outcome.

OUTBREAK INCITED.

One of the circulars that were thrown broadcast and pasted on walls the night before the first outbreak has been translated. The circular reads:

"Mexican Workmen!"

"A GOVERNMENT elected by the people to guide them and satisfy their necessities in all requirements: This Mexico does not possess."

"On the Other Hand

"A GOVERNMENT which is composed of ambitious persons who criminally compassed the destruction of the people in order that they might assist them in enriching themselves. This MEXICO DOES NOT need."

"PEOPLE, arouse yourselves and ACT. Let us that which you seem to have forgotten. Commemorate and discuss your rights. DEMAND the respect that is due you."

"Every Mexican whom the foreigners despise, is worth just as much as, or more, than those foreigners, if he will join with his brothers and CLAIM his rights."

"CURSE the thought that a Mexican is worth less than a Yankee; that a negro or Chinaman is to be compared with a Mexican. That this is the work of the foreigner, of the foreign government, which gives the advantages to the adventurers rather than to the true owners of this unfortunate land."

"MEXICAN, AWAKEN! The country and our dignity demand it."

"CANANEAS, June 1908."

"MINERS EXCITED."

Such a circular would be laughed at in the ordinary mining camps within the United States. But the Mexicans, unversed in the ways of labor agitation, attached importance to it and dropped their tools. It is possible they are undiscerned now, but the killing of scores of relatives and friends, including members of the Junta, necessarily has not served to restore the kindly feeling that but lately existed between the Greene Company and its workingmen. There will be sporadic outbreaks of violence, and it will be long before the hill will be as safe to the wayfarer as are these woods.

More and more miners are going to work, as the influence of the agitators wanes and the stock of food diminishes. It is understood, as well as at Greene, that the government to understand most distinctly that the art of mankind is work, and that all who refuse to labor will be drafted into the Mexican army and sent to fight the Yaqui Indians. The general has issued to all miners a decree of worklessness. He declares that they had no grievance of any importance and advises that their wages be increased not a single centavo. He also has made some very pointed references to labor unions and their methods.

GOVERNOR UPHELD.

There seems little prospect that the Mexican government will make complaint over the invasion of its territory by armed Americans from Bisbee. It is claimed at Cananea that Gov. Ysabel has received a message from President Diaz commanding him for his actions, which would include the removal of the administration of the American miners, whom he is to be the most friendly feelings among the Mexican people.

Kahn's "Korrect Clothes"
**FRIDAY AND
SATURDAY**

**Exceptional Value in 2-
piece Outing Suits
Just Received by
Express.**

Several patterns in neat dark gray mixtures, coat half lined; new long model coat, round cut and double-breasted styles; side vents; pants peg top; cuff bottom; waist made form-fitting with double side buckle. Every suit guaranteed and worth fully \$20 suit, at

**\$15
SUIT**

We would advise an early selection before the sizes are broken.
Men's 50c French Washable Ties

**25c
Skates Free**

Two patterns in light and medium shades; made in French four-in-hand only.

KAHN'S
457 South Broadway

officials toward Americans in general, and the Governor has repeatedly denied that the disorders caused by anti-Diaz Miners toward Americans.

Gov. Ysabel has published a list of the dead in Cananea. It contains the names of twenty-three Mexicans and five Americans. Inasmuch as clear American records do not show that they have twenty-six Mexican bodies on one field of battle and that nineteen were borne away from another, plus four in the Metcalf fight, with much "sniping" besides, the list is believed to be greatly incomplete.

The Americans known to have been killed are the two Metcalfs, an unnamed man who hid behind the lumber yard and was shot to death by Capt. Haigis, killed in the Union Hotel by a volley fired by the mob into that building; Leroy Rush, struck while standing in front of a saloon; a carpenter named Kroll, who was cut up when he was walking home after working on Col. Greene's private car, and Bert Lockie, who was stoned to death.

Scores of Mexicans were wounded and probably many of these have died since. Only yesterday three Mexicans were shot and killed by rurales at the Greene concentrator. Six of the strikers had opened fire upon American workers at the ore bins and were surprised by the officers before they had done any damage. They left two sticks of dynamite behind.

POLICE SEIZE FIREARMS.

The rurales and police have completed a careful search of all the Mexican houses, the houses having 400 firearms of many different varieties. The Americans have stated that these weapons were stored at Greene's residence, where they will be kept safely against the time of further need.

The Mexican authorities are indignant at the treatment that has been given them by some of the American newspapers and, as a consequence, the notorious yellow journals will not be allowed to enter Cananea for an indefinite period of time. This is a regulation order of Gen. Torre, who directs that such newspapers be confiscated and destroyed.

GAS FOR FUEL.

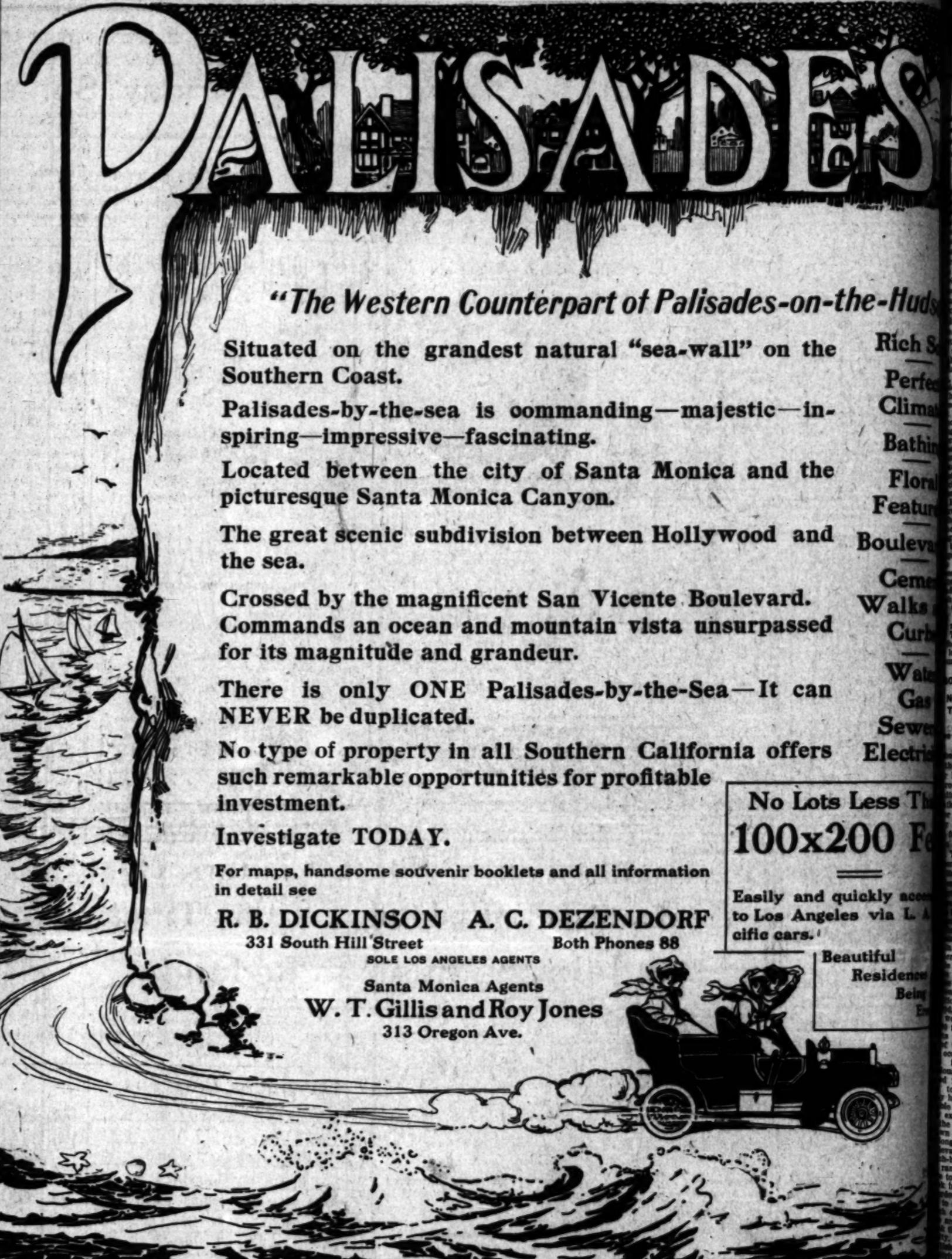
Economy is one of the roads to Success. The successful way of preparing the summer bath is by using GAS fuel, because it shows the greatest Economy.

**Every Note
Is Struck**
By the
Apollo Piano

The only player ever made that strikes the entire range of 88 notes rendering the most famous compositions. The only player ever made that plays all the peerless Apollo music and then uses the music of all the other players, too. It is just like owning half a dozen piano-players or player-pianos.

We are Sole Agents.

**J. B. Brown
Music Co.**
648 South
Broadway



"The Western Counterpart of Palisades-on-the-Hudson."

Situated on the grandest natural "sea-wall" on the Southern Coast.

Palisades-by-the-sea is commanding—majestic—inspiring—impressive—fascinating.

Located between the city of Santa Monica and the picturesque Santa Monica Canyon.

The great scenic subdivision between Hollywood and the sea.

Crossed by the magnificent San Vicente Boulevard. Commands an ocean and mountain vista unsurpassed for its magnitude and grandeur.

There is only ONE Palisades-by-the-Sea—It can NEVER be duplicated.

No type of property in all Southern California offers such remarkable opportunities for profitable investment.

Investigate TODAY.

For maps, handsome souvenir booklets and all information in detail see

R. B. DICKINSON A. C. DEZENDORF
331 South Hill Street

Both Phones 88

SOLE LOS ANGELES AGENTS

Santa Monica Agents
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**No Lots Less Than
100x200 Feet**

Easily and quickly accessible to Los Angeles via L. A. Pacific cars.

**Beautiful
Residences
Being
Erected**



YOU'RE SAFE AT FIRTH'S

WOODCREST

**TWO
OPENING
DAYS**

Wait a Little Longer

Saturday, June 16

Sunday, June 17

Vermont, Budlong and Normandie Avenues

PHONES Home, 8105
Main, 2848

**A Week From Sunday We
Offer You the Best**

Sunday, June 17

EMIL FIRTH,

411-417 Laughlin Bldg.

315 South Broadway

RUPTURE

NO Knives used or time lost.

Pey when cured.

Call and see testimonials in our office. Add.

424 S. Spring St., Los Angeles. Room 8, 8. Hours

10 to 5 and 7 to 9.

From the cheapest that's good—to the

best that is made.

ECKSTROM WALL PAPER CO.

324 S. Spring St.

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Fabricona Dyed Draperies in all colors.

EXCLUSIVE AGENCY

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Elastic Bookcase

CALIFORNIA FURNITURE COMPANY

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Don't fail to visit

SUNSET BEACH

the home beach

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The Best Scouring Soap Made

**A Scouring Soap
A Metal Polish
A Glass Cleaner**

TYPEWRITER USERS!

Have you seen the NEW REMINGTON MODELS? Have you tried the new REMINGTON ESCAPEMENT?

If not, then you have yet to know the latest and greatest improvement of the writing machine. The NEW REMINGTON MODELS make easier work and do better work and MORE WORK than any typewriter has ever done before.

Remington Typewriter Company

113 S. Broadway, Los Angeles

Our San Francisco permanent address is 1015 Golden Gate

Full stock machines, supplies, etc., on hand.

A Pleasant Way

to Spend Sunday

It is to take the Salt Lake Route train at First street station or 8:30 a.m., or 1:30 p.m., and for 50 cents enjoy a trip to Long Beach, where the water is clear and the air is pure. The water is clear and the air is pure.

For the three hours the train is in motion, the passengers have the opportunity to go to the beach, bathe, fish, boat, or otherwise enjoy the time.

Worthington is fast as possible, and the passengers there are the best.

Get tickets today at 250 South Spring street, if you like.

MAILED BY
STOLEN NOTE.
WILSON IS ARRESTED IN
NEW YORK CITY.

James Clark of the Title Guaranty and Trust Company it is charged he abandoned with a sum of Two Thousand Dollars other people's money.

P. Wilson, the abandoned son of the Title Guaranty and Trust Company, who dropped out of last December with about \$12,000 other people's cash, has been arrested in New York City and will be sent to Los Angeles for trial.

On a signature on the back of a check which Wilson indorsed and cashed in New York, the arrow clerk was informed and nabbed when he cashed it, so that made it more secure. The note was signed the man's undoing was a sum of deposit for \$200 drawn in favor of Thomas Tocino on the Second Bank of Montana. Wilson signed the note while in the employ of the company in the city, but as far as we know he is now out of town. Wilson kept the note in his possession.

He left this city under a cloud and allowed to go to Honolulu and then to the Philippines. Now it is known he is directly to New York and he has been ever since.

A certificate was made negotiable the instrument of C. R. and this signature proved the identity of the man. A check was cashed in New York the 1st of January it was sent to the bank where it was handled by L. and finally found its way to the Title Company in Los Angeles.

On the 1st of January the instrument was turned over to the Title Guaranty and Trust Company.

The wires were worked at the New York sleuths were

on the trail of Wilson, who was

arrested in New York.

Wilson is said to have denied

that he was connected with the

title company.

He was released on a \$1000

price on Eleventh.

Our Hill Street Brings Thirty-five

Second Dollars—John Bean

Property Sold.

McConnell & Co. report the

following property for

sale: Bayes: A lot, 10x15 feet,

on each side of Eleventh street,

for \$15,000. The property is

now being sold with three good frame

houses, paying about \$150 per

month.

Wishbone Boulevard Com-

pany: A vacant lot, 80

feet by 120 feet, on Catalina street, near Wil-

son, for \$15 per foot.

Cowell to E. Pitman: A new

home in the Philippines Islands, a

lot, 10x15 feet, on Catalina street, near

Wilson.

These pieces are in the Wil-

son Company's tract, and

are to be built upon upon

the following property along the ex-

terior of Wilshire boulevard toward

Kester have been working to-

in the past two years to per-

mit the property holders all the way

to Wilshire boulevard a right of way

for the construction of the boulevard, and now report that

every obstacle has been re-

moved where boulevard begins at

the corner of Westlake Park and

the wide boulevard to the city

limits. The extension is to

the same width all the way to

Wilshire boulevard. Those who are prompt

in getting the straight line are re-

warded with the best results of the

work at Santa Monica.

Those who accomplished this de-

sign, the only difficulty

being in the new owners

of the property.

Denker ranch, in the Redondo area, is

now in a straight line. Wilshire

boulevard will pass close to the old

Denker property to have it carried

to the right. The purpose of this

is to have it close to the town

center in the center of the

one-acre lots, but those

waiting for the straight line

will overcome this diffi-

culty.

Wilshire boulevard as it exists now

from Westlake Park is con-

sidered to be the handsomest

in the city.

The improvements

are now being made to the

property.

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Los Angeles County—Its Cities and Towns.

NEWS REPORTS FROM CORRESPONDENTS OF THE TIMES.

BRAVELY TRIES TO STOP TEAM.

SENSATIONAL RUNAWAY PASADENA CITY.

Chinaman's Horse Starts in Mad Flight and Mounted Man Rides in Pursuit, Not Hearing Flying Weight Attached—Police Are Gathere by Hours of Appearing in Court.

Office of the Times, No. 24, Raymond ave., PASADENA, June 7.—Allan Green, one of the proprietors of Green's saddle livery stable, made a singular attempt to stop a runaway this morning. The trouble occurred on Madison avenue, at a time when the street was filled with pedestrians, and the daring rider's efforts to stop the maddened horses were applauded by a score of people.

The trouble was all caused by a team of brown horses belonging to a Chinese vegetable man and hitched to a light spring wagon. They started to run while their driver was in a house disposing of his wares, and before passing by realized what had happened, they were tearing down the street in a mad race.

The horses, which were powerful animals, and the heavy hitches which went with them, did not appear to hinder them in the least. There was a mad scramble for the sidewalk as the rig tore down the street, and no one made any endeavor to stop the runaway until Green rode along horseback. As soon as he saw the cause of the excitement, he spurred up his horse and started in pursuit.

Paying no heed to the flying hitching weight which was dangling along with the ground, he nevertheless, during his horse's legs over moment, he rode alongside of the frightened animals and, reining over the back of the near horse, secured hold of the reins.

He endeavored to bring the team to a standstill, and for two blocks held onto the reins, but the animals were too powerful for him, and simply dragged the horse on which he was mounted around the street. Before he got to go, however, he managed to get the horse into the rear of a telephone pole, and their career was brought to an abrupt stop.

The wagon was smashed and one of the horses was somewhat scratched, but no serious damage was done. The rig belongs to Chinese Yen.

HOUSES BOTHEN POLICE.

Judge McDonald has inaugurated a new rule in the Police Court, which does not meet with the unqualified approval of the police department. Therefore it has been the custom in the case of drunks and other like offenders, to allow the arresting officers to make out the complaint and leave it to be produced in court in the morning. According to the new rule, all offenses will appear personally in court and swear to their complaints.

Officers who are on duty during the day do not object to the new regulation, as they are simply forced to leave their posts to go to the police court to court, but the members of the night detail, who do not leave the Police Station until 6 o'clock in the morning, do not see the joke of coming back downtown at 9 o'clock, which they are obliged to do unless they see fit to stay over.

The members of the night patrol insist that they shall be allowed to go home to bed when their night duty is over, and apparently intend to do so. Where the charge is a felony, the members of the night detail, but they do not care to put themselves out in the case of every violator of some minor city ordinance.

Judge McDonald is very particular about observing the letter of the law, as well as the spirit of the law, so says an Assistant City Attorney he always insisted on reading all complaints through from start to finish. He is perfectly willing to meet the police half way in the matter, and is stated that he has volunteered to come to the police court to stand trial for the offense of disorderly conduct.

The plan is to refuse to pay the tax, which refusal will result in the arrest of the merchant or dealer. The single arrest will be used as a test case to establish the validity or unconstitutionality of the law.

OCEAN PARK RIPPLES.

Miss Guidi and Misses Orr, Dye and Bassett have resigned as teachers in the public schools. Their successors in the leading streets from the sea to the land section of the city on the east.

PLAN JETTIES AT VENICE.

Property Owners Give Funds for Devices to Protect Structures from Tides.

VENICE, June 7.—The high tides recently on the Short Line Beach have caused the property owners south of the bulkhead to subscribe funds for the construction of jetties. The jetties and sidewalks and house foundations, and the jetties are deemed essential for protection. The safety of property along the shore has much to do with welfare of the people who live there, and the jetties are deemed essential for protection.

At the meeting of the Crescent Bay Women's Club today an address was made by George A. Dobinson of Los Angeles on the life of Charles Dickens.

Work is to be commenced Monday on the paving of Rose avenue, one of the leading streets from the sea to the land section of the city on the east.

WOODEN AWNINGS MUST COME DOWN IN POMONA AND THE CITY MARSHAL IS AFTER DELINQUENTS.

POMONA, June 7.—All of the old wooden awnings on business houses here must be removed at once, according to instructions issued to the City Marshal by the Board of Councilmen.

An ordinance against the awnings was passed by the City Council last January, but its provisions were not rigidly enforced, the result being that a number of them had not been taken down. The City Marshal will now see to it that every wooden awning along the business streets in removed under penalty of arrest.

WILL ENFORCE LAW.

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OCEAN FRONT WALK.

OCEAN PARK, June 7.—As a step preliminary to the building of a boardwalk, on the beach, the City Trustees have authorized a grade established along the ocean front from Marine street to Horizon avenue. Incidentally this stretch of sand has been given an official name and will be known hereafter as "Ocean Front." For many years this has been a talk of by the little folks took especial interest, becoming themselves the artists. The programme of the afternoon included bird games, bird songs, riddles about birds and a render of little species concerning them. A number of the school patrons were present.

WIAWATHA PATRONESSES.

The following well-known women will act as patronesses for the Hia-

wa, a recital to be given next Mon-

day at the Shakespeare Clubhouse:

Mmes. Arturo Bandini, T. B. Schu-

mann, Fremont Power, E. B. Allen, A.

Van Cull, Harry T. Howe, Isaac

Sprague, H. Z. Johnson, Dr. R.

Hogg, Clarence Chamberlain, The-

dore Coleman, Mary Conran, T. P.

Crawford, F. W. Parker, L. P. Stevens,

Andrew S. Edwards, James D. Graham,

W. A. Edwards, Robert E. Ford,

Harry Geoghegan, C. E. Nichols,

Reynolds, A. R. Haisted, Misses Vir-

ginia Pease and Fannie Sterrett.

THROOP EXHIBIT.

The exhibit wood carvings, forge

work, drawings and other samples of

work made by the students of Throop

Polytechnic Institute, will be visited

tomorrow by many hundreds of the

citizens of Pasadena. Every piece of

exhibit is one of great interest, and

the work this year is said to be excel-

lent.

SEWING BARTY.

Mrs. K. R. Barty's home on South

Deerfoot street was the meeting place

yesterday afternoon of the mem-

bers of the W.R.C. and several hours were

spent with thimble and needle and

pleasant chat. For ten time the mem-

bers of the G.A.R. and the Sons of

Veterans were invited. A collation

of large coffee and tea was served

and the women were entertained with

the best of care.

SHIPPING BARTY.

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THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES*

	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.		
Boston	51	64	69	New York	51	75	
Washington	52	65	70	Buffalo	52	65	
Philadelphia	53	66	71	St. Louis	53	66	
Chicago	53	70	73	Kansas City	53	70	
St. Louis	53	70	73				
St. Paul	53	70	73				
San Antonio	53	70	73				

* Comparative is for day before yesterday. Max. minimum for yesterday. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER. — *By A. E. W. Weather, Los Angeles.* — At 8 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 46°; at 8 p.m., 72°. Relative humidity, 62%; at 8 p.m., 22 per cent. Wind, 8 m.p.h., northwesterly, velocity 8 miles; maximum temperature, 78° day; minimum, 61° day.

LOS ANGELES. June 7.—Weather forecast.

San Francisco and vicinity: Fair Friday; fresh westerly winds.

Sacramento Valley: Fair Friday; light northwesterly winds.

Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair Friday; light northwesterly winds.

Artesia: Fair Friday and Saturday.

Weather Conditions.—The storm center over the Middle West yesterday has remained nearly stationary during the last twenty-four hours. The pressure has been falling, however, and unusually low barometric readings are reported this morning in the Dakotas and the adjoining States. Under the influence of this disturbance, there will be many winds in the north, particularly in the Rockies and the Rocky Mountains. The weather continues fair on the South Pacific slope, under the influence of an area of high pressure center over the Great Basin. The winds will continue to control the weather west of the Rocky Mountains during the next thirty-three hours, and a continuation of the present conditions may be forecast for in the vicinity.

Forecast for Los Angeles: Fair tonight and Friday; westwesterly winds.

Forecast for San Francisco: Fair tonight and Friday; fresh westerly winds.

Forecast for Sacramento: Fair Friday; light northwesterly winds.

Forecast for Los Angeles: Fair Friday; light northwesterly winds.

Forecast for San Francisco: Fair Friday; light northwesterly winds.

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Livingston's

\$30,000.00 San Francisco Stock
Saved from Earthquake and Fire
at

63c on the Dollar

A Sale that Has no Precedent and Will Never Have a Duplicate.
Finest Imported and Domestic Weaves of Silks at
About the Price of Cotton

There has not been one minute from the opening to the closing of our doors during the past four days that this phenomenal Silk Sale has "dragged." Fifty salespeople have been busy cutting nothing but silk. For the women of Los Angeles and Southern California recognize that these silk values are not possible of duplication. New lots placed on sale daily. Are you missing any of these choice bargains?

45c
YARD

For Livingston's \$1 Fancy Silks
10,000 yards in a complete range of all colors and combinations, in taffeta and Louise weaves; 20 inches wide; every yard guaranteed. They include shepherd and hairline checks, stripes, jacquard figures, printed habutais and plenty of cream grounds, with black stripes, checks and plaids. Livingston's price was \$1. Our price will be 45c.

50c
YARD

For Cheney Bros.' \$1 Foulards
A line of handsome patterns in beautiful colorings; exceptionally good quality of the world-renowned Cheney Bros. 24-inch all-silk foulards that sell everywhere at \$1, and so priced by Livingston. There are nearly 8000 yards in the lot, in every desirable color and pattern, and our price will be 50c.

45c
YARD

For Livingston's 85-cent Taffeta
8000 yards of plain and changeable taffeta; standard size for all the street and evening shades, including cream and also the popular two-tone colors, and all are heavy silks; every yard guaranteed to be an 85c value; are 24 inches wide and are just the thing for drops, linings and dresses. Livingston's price was 85c. Our price, 45c.

\$1.25 Plain Colored Silks 50c

All weaves represented—Poplins, Peau de Cygnes, Messalines, Gros Grains, Failles, Peau de Soies, Liberty, Peau de Crepe and every other weave and color shown in silks and satins; are 21 inches wide. Livingston's price, \$1.00 and \$1.25. Our price, 50c.

\$1.50 Chiffon Mousselines 59c

Dainty sheer double width silk chiffon mousseline that will make up handsomely into evening gowns. They are in white grounds with floral effects in pink, blue, lavender and green and are 46 inches wide. Livingston's price, \$1.50. Our price, 59c.

\$1.00 Silk Crepe de Chine 69c

Soft, clinging, 24-inch silks; heavy and firm; in black, white, cream, pink, dark and light blue and new greens, gray, tans, browns, lavender, red and other desirable colorings. This lot comprises every good grade and new coloring for street or evening wear. Livingston's price, \$1.00. Our price, 69c.

75c Silk Foulards 39c

Summer and fall patterns and styles in combinations of black and white, blue, green, gray, tans, purple, brown and many others; patterns large and small, polka dots, scrolls and figured effects; thousands of yards in the lot. They are 24 inches wide. Livingston's price was 75c. Our price will be 39c.

\$1.39 Black Taffeta, Yard \$1.09

One thousand yards of a yard wide heavy taffeta; dress finished; every thread pure silk; guaranteed not to split or cut; is a splendid black; much used for suits and linings; will always retain its luster. Livingston's price \$1.39. Our price \$1.09.

\$1.25 Imported Black Taffeta 89c

One thousand yards of a 27-inch dress taffeta—brilliant finished; very fine firm wear with a pleasing rustle; will not muss easily; is all silk and a rich black; suitable for coats and street dresses; excellent black. Priced by Livingston at \$1.25. Our price 89c.

\$1.39 Black Peau de Soie 89c

800 yards of a 21-inch extra heavy peau de soie; soft, mellow finish; pure silk; standard make; suitable for coats and street dresses; excellent black. Priced by Livingston at \$1.39. Our price 89c.

\$2.00 Black Peau de Soie \$1.19

10 pieces of a 21-inch imported peau de soie of best quality; double faced; soft, lustrous, mellow finish; every yard guaranteed pure silk. Sold by Livingston at \$2.00. Our price \$1.19.

\$1.00 Silk Messalines, yard 59c

22-inch silk for dresses and waists in colorings of blue, brown, tan, cream; also black and white. Livingston's price, \$1.00. Our price, 59c.

\$1.50 Peau de Cygnes 75c

A stylish silk in ten plain colorings; Nile, lavender, pink, light blue, maize, cream, old rose, red, champagne and tan; very rich and stylish for evening wear and for light summer waists; 21 inches wide. Livingston's price, \$1.50. Our price, 75c.

\$1.25 Cloth of Gold 75c

A pongee color cloth of gold made by Cheney Bros.; it is a very fine pretty weave; full 27 inches wide and just the thing for opera coats, shirt waist dresses and washable waists; 500 yards in the lot. Livingston's price, \$1.25. Our price, 75c.

\$1.50 Colored Silks at 75c

Colorings of plain grays, brown, navy and light blue; dark and light green, red, the new rose, raspberry shades, coral, purple and heliotrope; and the weaves are peau de soies, Gros grains, failles, messalines, peau de cygnes, crystal cords, peau de crepes, granite and soft liberty weaves; 21 inches wide; sold by Livingston at \$1.50. Our price just one half.

\$1.25 Flowered Silks 45c

Very rich, handsome summer India silks; white grounds with small blue, green, pink and other colored flowers; are kinds much used for kimonos and dressing sacques, also street wear, and will launder nicely; are 24 inches wide. Livingston's price, \$1.00. Our price, 45c.

\$1.25 "Abis" Taffeta \$1.00

Every desirable coloring in the lot—navy, green, brown, tan, red, gray, old rose, heliotrope, light blue, pink and others. This is the genuine Palgram & Meyer "Abis" Taffeta advertised in all leading journals and every yard guaranteed; is 21 inches wide. Livingston's price, \$1.25. Our price, \$1.00.

\$1.00 Natural Pongee 39c

Rich embroidered and brocaded silk pongees; also plain, striped and dotted; 21, 24 and 27 inches wide; about 25 patterns and 500 yards; rare values in one of the most wanted silks. Livingston's price, \$1.00. Our price, 39c.

Sale

**SURPRISES
FROM THE**

**HOUSTON.
500 FIFTH AVE., N.Y.**

The sale of these handsome imported hand-made French Dress Garnitures, Neckwear and Laces still continues with unabated interest, for such rare values and exquisite merchandise have never before been featured by a sale in Los Angeles

200 Sewing Silk Veiling, yard.....	10c
100 Linen Handkerchiefs, each.....	5c
\$1.50 Chantilly Lace Veils.....	.69c
500 Lace and Embroidery Chemisettes.....	.25c
250 Stocks and Turnovers at.....	.10c
\$1.00 Hand-made Chemisettes.....	.50c
500 6-yard Box Tourist Ruching.....	.25c
350 new Taffeta Ribbons.....	.15c
\$1.00 Automobile Scarfs, Friday.....	.60c
250 Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs.....	.10c
\$2.00 White or Black Lace Coats.....	\$7.50
250 Fancy Ribbon Bows.....	.10c
\$1.00 selected Sash Ribbons.....	.50c
500 bolt Black Velvet Ribbons.....	.25c
\$2.00 Lingerie Waist Patterns.....	.75c
\$3.00 Embroidered Skirt Flouncing.....	\$1.50
75c Embroidered Bands, Friday at.....	.25c
\$7.50 Handmade Dress Garnitures.....	\$3.98
100 Silk Juby Trimming, yard.....	.5c
\$3.00 Lace Bolero Jackets.....	\$1.98

55c on the \$ Peremptory Clearance... "Henshey" Stock Women's Wearables With An Additional...

Two Days More---Friday and Saturday

Henshey's \$25.00 Spring Suits	\$15.00, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$30.00 Spring Suits	\$20.00, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$40 and \$50 Spring Suits	\$25.00, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$59.00 Spring Suits	\$29.00, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$20.00 Silk Suits	\$10.00, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$25.00 Silk Suits	\$15.00, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$35.00 Silk Suits	\$20.00, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$45.00 Silk Suits	\$25.00, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$20.00 Silk Coats	\$9.95, less 10 per cent.

Henshey's \$30.00 Silk Coats	\$14.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$35.00 Silk Coats	\$19.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$49.00 Silk Coats	\$24.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$6.00 Dress Skirts	\$3.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$9.00 Dress Skirts	\$4.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$15.00 Dress Skirts	\$8.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$18.50 Dress Skirts	\$11.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$40 and \$45 Dress Skirts	\$24.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$7.50 Covert Jackets	\$4.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$15.00 Covert Jackets	\$8.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$16.50 Covert Jackets	\$9.95, " 10 per cent.



Henshey's \$1.00 White Shirt Waists	49c, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$2.50 White Shirt Waists	\$1.50, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$3.50 White Shirt Waists	\$1.98, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$6.50 Silk Waists	\$3.98, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$10.00 Silk Waists	\$5.00, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$12.50 Silk Waists	\$6.50, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$20.00 Silk Waists	\$8.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$6.00 Shirt Waist Suits	\$3.98, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$9.00 Shirt Waist Suits	\$4.98, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$12.50 Shirt Waist Suits	\$7.50, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$2.00 Shirt Waist Suits	\$1.48, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$3 Shirt Waist Suits	\$1.98, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$5 Shirt Waist Suits	\$2.98, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$35.00 Wh. Serge Suits	\$18.50, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$37.50 Wh. Serge Suits	\$19.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$40.00 Wh. Serge Suits	\$25.00, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$5.00 Eton Linene Suits	\$2.98, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$7.50 Eton Linene Suits	\$4.95, less 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$10.00 Wh. Eton or Pony Coat Suits	\$5.95, " 10 per cent.
Henshey's \$15 Linen Coat Suits	\$8.95, less 10 per cent.



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Beautiful housewives do not like to be frozen in the winter. Come to us for fresh and delicate special flavors we make. Remington Typewriter Co., 113 S. Broadway, San Francisco. Full stock on hand.

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BROWNS
BRIDGE WORK

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THE PUBLIC SERVICE.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Inspector Blackmar charges that the barons of the Amalgamated and Standard Oil Companies are exercising undue influence over the Council Legislative Committee to prevent the passage of an ordinance providing for a flash test for crude oil.

Chief Inspector Porter of the Fire Underwriters' Inspection Bureau of the Pacific Coast has written to the Council urging the immediate passage of the ordinance barring gasoline lamps and stoves from the fire limits.

The Fire Board recommended to the Council yesterday an increase in pay asked for by firemen in a memorial to the board; it would increase the expense of the department about \$20,000 a year.

With the opening of the summer season the "buncos" horse traders are beginning their tricks again: Would-buys of horseflesh try to pick a bargain, and as in the case of L. D. Franklin, get their fingers burned.

H. E. Smith has filed suit against the Clampitt Company to recover \$25,250 as damages for injuries sustained by reason of a set of "protruding whiskers." This somewhat strange accident happened in New Mexico.

Alvin Solet, a "masher," was found guilty in the Police Court yesterday of disturbing the peace of two young women he insulted. He was fined \$20 by Justice Chambers.

Mrs. Grace O'Brien was given a preliminary examination yesterday on one of two charges of forgery, and was held for trial in the Superior Court by Justice Rose in \$100 bail.

AT THE CITY HALL.
COUNCIL SHIES
AT FLASH TEST.

INSPECTOR BLACKMAR GUNNING
FOR OIL TRUST.

Says Standard and Amalgamated Barons Exert Undue Influence Over Legislative Committee—Fire Board Joins in Urgent Request for Safety Ordinance—Gasoline, Too.

Oil Inspector Blackmar has declared war on the Standard and Amalgamated Oil Companies. He threatens to boil them in their own kerosene if they don't come before the Legislative Committee and state openly and above the table their reasons for opposing his flash test ordinance, or quit fighting it behind his back.

Yesterday morning Blackmar went to the City Hall to attend a meeting of the Legislative Committee, one which was scheduled ten days ago. But the committee didn't meet. Blackmar alleges that the session was called off because the oil barons didn't meet him face to face.

"I sent word to them all," said the indignant inspector, "that if they would come out of their holes and show good cause why that flash test shouldn't be adopted, I would be the first to give in. But you see how they do it. They won't come out in the open, but they get the Councilmen off in corners and tell them to keep the ordinance in the pigeonhole a while longer.

Every day we are running the risk of a big conflagration right in the business district, and it is because of the unsafe way that crude oil is stored."

Inspector Blackmar has been advancing his demands for a year.

The Council is always just on the verge of adopting it—sometimes hanging over the edge—but somehow it is always overlooked in Council and committee meetings.

The feature of the amendment is a provision that the crude oil which will not stand a five flash test of 130 degrees shall not be stored anywhere in the business or commercial district, except in certain technically secure tanks.

At the present time there is no flash test requiring the crude oil to be stored.

In his campaign for a flash test Blackmar has the support of the Fire Board and of the Board of Underwriters. Both boards have recommended that the ordinance, as proposed by Blackmar, be adopted.

The objection to the present arrangement is that the crude oil is stored in tanks under the sidewalks in the business district, and is there liable to be ignited by sparks from cigars or by matches.

Three weeks ago an explosion occurred under the sidewalk at the Westminster Hotel. Blackmar says it was caused by the reckless manner in which the crude oil was stored.

"It seems almost a dispensation of Providence that we have had a fire in the business district at some time during the last three months," said Blackmar yesterday afternoon. "There are scores of basements in which this high explosive oil is stored, and there is hardly a place where sparks are not used."

The only ordinance affecting the storage of oil is the old one adopted before these dangerous high-gravity oils were used here. This week I made fifteen tests of the oils stored here in the business district and found oil that would not stand a test of eight degrees. But one sample of the fifteen stood a 120-degree test."

The inspector related his tale of woe to the Fire Board yesterday morning, and the body voted to let the Council know that the ordinance should be placed on its passage as soon as possible. It is dangerous to wait longer, say the commissioners.

Blackmar says that the Legislative Committee was prepared to hold session yesterday morning, but that one member had come to the committee room, and quietly slipped away.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1906.

SPORTING PAGE.

FIRST GUN IN
NEW HISTORY.Pan-Pacific Yacht Race
Starts Monday.With the Boom of a Cannon
Long Voyage Begins.None Here, La Paloma Is
Still Delayed.

By STINSON JARVIS.

Lots of trans-Pacific yacht racers

will begin on Monday next.

The land of Poi sends a yacht

Paloma.

Canada—the Maple

New York—the Americans,

with the burges of the New

York Club.

Southern California will

put a team for victory with the

Lurline, the flagship in his

yacht history.

The point for thought is that

Paloma has charge of the big

ocean race.

B. W. WILCOX & SON

Company.

The first Mischieff will be in

charge of Matthew Walsh and a crew,

which has

arranged several things about sailing

boats at the celebrated old fishing

seaport of Massa.

Catalina is

whale competition for the best time

prize, for which the Detroit is es-

pecially entered.

MEASUREMENTS.

The official measurements of the

trans-Pacific racers will take place on

Sunday, and Lurline and Anemone

will then be passed under the tape-

line.

The Lurline is about 87 feet over

all and 7 feet on deck, while

the Anemone is about 112

feet, with a water line of about 92

feet, a beam of about 30 feet, and a

draught of about 11 feet. She is ketch

rigged, has 200 horse-power

engines, and is built for

six miles an hour.

The propeller will, however, be put out of commission

during the race to Honolulu.

All these vessels have to be measured

and provided aboard.

La Paloma's

measurement will have to be taken

when possible after her arrival.

The Anemone passed Thursday night

at Gosport, England.

Her crew is C. L. Tutt, Is-

land, Capt. L. D. Edwards, and

John C. Clegg.

The fast launch Orient will be sent

out to cruise for La Paloma and bring

her quickly to San Pedro.

ANEMONE READY.

Yachts are now gathering for

the Pan-Pacific.

The Anemone, owned by

B. W. WILCOX & SON

Company, has been fully repaired

and is ready to start.

The Anemone has been

designed for an Atlantic gale.

A new boat has been sent up.

She has completed a voyage of 16,000

miles as shown by her log; and to

her another 5,000 miles going

on.

The Anemone's chances in the

race are now

probably good.

The Lurline, and in heavy

seas will certainly

make a record.

Lurline is

worth eating for

delicious cereal—

and the only one

of its kind, in its natural vegetable

form.

Apteko

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY

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HARRY CHANDLER...Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER...Secretary.
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SWORN CIRCULATION—Only net average for 1900, 18,890; for 1901, 19,200; for 1902, 20,400; for 1903, 21,700; for 1904, 22,700; for 1905, 23,700; for 1906, 24,700; for 1907, 25,700; for 1908, 26,800; for 1909, 27,700; for 1910, 28,700; for 1911, 29,700; for 1912, 30,700; for 1913, 31,700; for 1914, 32,700; for 1915, 33,700; for 1916, 34,700; for 1917, 35,700; for 1918, 36,700; for 1919, 37,700; for 1920, 38,700; for 1921, 39,700; for 1922, 40,700; for 1923, 41,700; for 1924, 42,700; for 1925, 43,700; for 1926, 44,700; for 1927, 45,700; for 1928, 46,700; for 1929, 47,700; for 1930, 48,700; for 1931, 49,700; for 1932, 50,700; for 1933, 51,700; for 1934, 52,700; for 1935, 53,700; for 1936, 54,700; for 1937, 55,700; for 1938, 56,700; for 1939, 57,700; for 1940, 58,700; for 1941, 59,700; for 1942, 60,700; for 1943, 61,700; for 1944, 62,700; for 1945, 63,700; for 1946, 64,700; for 1947, 65,700; for 1948, 66,700; for 1949, 67,700; for 1950, 68,700; for 1951, 69,700; for 1952, 70,700; for 1953, 71,700; 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for 2009, 127,700; for 2010, 128,700; for 2011, 129,700; for 2012, 130,700; for 2013, 131,700; for 2014, 132,700; for 2015, 133,700; for 2016, 134,700; for 2017, 135,700; for 2018, 136,700; for 2019, 137,700; for 2020, 138,700; for 2021, 139,700; for 2022, 140,700; for 2023, 141,700; for 2024, 142,700; for 2025, 143,700; for 2026, 144,700; for 2027, 145,700; for 2028, 146,700; for 2029, 147,700; for 2030, 148,700; for 2031, 149,700; for 2032, 150,700; for 2033, 151,700; for 2034, 152,700; for 2035, 153,700; for 2036, 154,700; for 2037, 155,700; for 2038, 156,700; for 2039, 157,700; for 2040, 158,700; for 2041, 159,700; for 2042, 160,700; for 2043, 161,700; for 2044, 162,700; for 2045, 163,700; for 2046, 164,700; for 2047, 165,700; for 2048, 166,700; for 2049, 167,700; for 2050, 168,700; for 2051, 169,700; for 2052, 170,700; for 2053, 171,700; for 2054, 172,700; for 2055, 173,700; for 2056, 174,700; for 2057, 175,700; for 2058, 176,700; for 2059, 177,700; for 2060, 178,700; for 2061, 179,700; for 2062, 180,700; for 2063, 181,700; for 2064, 182,700; for 2065, 183,700; for 2066, 184,700; for 2067, 185,700; for 2068, 186,700; for 2069, 187,700; for 2070, 188,700; for 2071, 189,700; for 2072, 190,700; for 2073, 191,700; for 2074, 192,700; for 2075, 193,700; for 2076, 194,700; for 2077, 195,700; for 2078, 196,700; for 2079, 197,700; for 2080, 198,700; for 2081, 199,700; for 2082, 200,700; for 2083, 201,700; for 2084, 202,700; for 2085, 203,700; for 2086, 204,700; for 2087, 205,700; for 2088, 206,700; for 2089, 207,700; for 2090, 208,700; for 2091, 209,700; for 2092, 210,700; for 2093, 211,700; for 2094, 212,700; for 2095, 213,700; for 2096, 214,700; for 2097, 215,700; for 2098, 216,700; for 2099, 217,700; for 2100, 218,700; for 2101, 219,700; for 2102, 220,700; for 2103, 221,700; for 2104, 222,700; for 2105, 223,700; for 2106, 224,700; for 2107, 225,700; for 2108, 226,700; for 2109, 227,700; for 2110, 228,700; for 2111, 229,700; for 2112, 230,700; for 2113, 231,700; for 2114, 232,700; 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for 2168, 286,700; for 2169, 287,700; for 2170, 288,700; for 2171, 289,700; for 2172, 290,700; for 2173, 291,700; for 2174, 292,700; for 2175, 293,700; for 2176, 294,700; for 2177, 295,700; for 2178, 296,700; for 2179, 297,700; for 2180, 298,700; for 2181, 299,700; for 2182, 300,700; for 2183, 301,700; for 2184, 302,700; for 2185, 303,700; for 2186, 304,700; for 2187, 305,700; for 2188, 306,700; for 2189, 307,700; for 2190, 308,700; for 2191, 309,700; for 2192, 310,700; for 2193, 311,700; for 2194, 312,700; for 2195, 313,700; for 2196, 314,700; for 2197, 315,700; for 2198, 316,700; for 2199, 317,700; for 2200, 318,700; for 2201, 319,700; for 2202, 320,700; for 2203, 321,700; for 2204, 322,700; for 2205, 323,700; for 2206, 324,700; for 2207, 325,700; for 2208, 326,700; for 2209, 327,700; for 2210, 328,700; for 2211, 329,700; for 2212, 330,700; for 2213, 331,700; for 2214, 332,700; for 2215, 333,700; for 2216, 334,700; for 2217, 335,700; for 2218, 336,700; for 2219, 337,700; for 2220, 338,700; for 2221, 339,700; for 2222, 340,700; for 2223, 341,700; for 2224, 342,700; for 2225, 343,700; for 2226, 344,700; for 2227, 345,700; for 2228, 346,700; for 2229, 347,700; for 2230, 348,700; for 2231, 349,700; for 2232, 350,700; for 2233, 351,700; for 2234, 352,700; for 2235, 353,700; for 2236, 354,700; for 2237, 355,700; for 2238, 356,700; for 2239, 357,700; for 2240, 358,700; for 2241, 359,700; for 2242, 360,700; for 2243, 361,700; for 2244, 362,700; for 2245, 363,700; for 2246, 364,700; for 2247, 365,700; for 2248, 366,700; for 2249, 367,700; for 2250, 368,700; for 2251, 369,700; for 2252, 370,700; for 2253, 371,700; for 2254, 372,700; for 2255, 373,700; for 2256, 374,700; for 2257, 375,700; for 2258, 376,700; for 2259, 377,700; for 2260, 378,700; for 2261, 379,700; for 2262, 380,700; for 2263, 381,700; for 2264, 382,700; for 2265, 383,700; for 2266, 384,700; for 2267, 385,700; for 2268, 386,700; for 2269, 387,700; for 2270, 388,700; for 2271, 389,700; for 2272, 390,700; for 2273, 391,700; for 2274, 392,700; for 2275, 393,700; for 2276, 394,700; for 2277, 395,700; for 2278, 396,700; for 2279, 397,700; for 2280, 398,700; for 2281, 399,700; for 2282, 400,700; for 2283, 401,700; for 2284, 402,700; for 2285, 403,700; for 2286, 404,700; for 2287, 405,700; for 2288, 406,700; for 2289, 407,700; for 2290, 408,700; for 2291, 409,700; for 2292, 410,700; for 2293, 411,700; for 2294, 412,700; for 2295, 413,700; for 2296, 414,700; for 2297, 415,700; for 2298, 416,700; for 2299, 417,700; for 2300, 418,700; for 2301, 419,700; for 2302, 420,700; for 2303, 421,700; for 2304, 422,700; for 2305, 423,700; for 2306, 424,700; for 2307, 425,700; for 2308, 426,700; for 2309, 427,700; for 2310, 428,700; for 2311, 429,700; for 2312, 430,700; for 2313, 431,700; for 2314, 432,700; for 2315, 433,700; for 2316, 434,700; for 2317, 435,700; for 2318, 436,700; for 2319, 437,700; for 2320, 438,700; for 2321, 439,700; for 2322, 440,700; for 2323, 441,700; for 2324, 442,700; for 2325, 443,700; for 2326, 444,700; for 2327, 445,700; for 2328, 446,700; for 2329, 447,700; for 2330, 448,700; for 2331, 449,700; for 2332, 450,700; for 2333, 451,700; for 2334, 452,700; for 2335, 453,700; for 2336, 454,700; for 2337, 455,700; for 2338, 456,700; for 2339, 457,700; for 2340, 458,700; for 2341, 459,700; for 2342, 460,700; for 2343, 461,700; for 2344, 462,700; for 2345, 463,700; for 2346, 464,700; for 2347, 465,700; for 2348, 466,700; for 2349, 467,700; for 2350, 468,700; for 2351, 469,700; for 2352, 470,700; for 2353, 471,700; for 2354, 472,700; for 2355, 473,700

Los Angeles County—Its Cities and Towns.

NEWS REPORTS FROM CORRESPONDENTS OF THE TIMES.

CAR HURL MAY PROVE FATAL.

PASADENA WOMAN VICTIM OF A SERIOUS INJURY.

Attempts to Alight from a Moving Conveyance and Is Critically Hurt. Effort to Have the Unclaimed Bicycles Held by the Police Failed. Death of Brig.-Gen. Alden.

Office of The Times, No. 28, Raymond Way, PASADENA, June 8.—Mrs. Mary Larson of No. 725 North Fair Oaks avenue was the victim of an accident to night which may result fatally.

She was going on a Colorado-street car and attempted to get off in front of Hotel Guirnaldas when the car was still moving.

The woman was thrown heavily and was knocked senseless. She was carried in Ives & Warner's ambulance to the Pasadena Hospital where she was attended by Dr. Rowland.

He said late tonight that she was suffering from contusions near the base of the skull and that the skull may be fractured. She has regained consciousness but is regarded as in a critical condition.

SHALL THEY SELL BIKES?

An effort will be made to have the city commissioners call an auction in the near future to dispose of the thirty or more bicycles that are stored in the basement of the Police Station.

According to the city ordinance all wheels which are sound standing in the street must be taken to the Police Station and held there until the owner calls and identifies them. In this way many stolen wheeleds, which the thieves have abandoned, have been returned to the proper parties.

There are a large number of cycles, however, that have never been called for and, as the number is increasing steadily, the police department is in danger of being crowded out of its quarters if some disposition is not made of the unclaimed machines.

Theoretically there is an auction sale every year to dispose of these machines.

In practice, however, the plan is not carried out and many of the wheels that are on hand have been in charge of the police for a number of years. The last sale was in the incumbency of Chief Freeman, more than three years ago, and since that time the supply has steadily increased.

It is pointed out by the police that machines which are unclaimed after a year are not improved and that they depreciate in value very rapidly. For this reason it is suggested that an auction sale be ordered every six months and unclaimed for wheels be turned over to the highest bidder.

There have been several inquiries at the Police Station of late concerning unclaimed machines, and it is believed that, if stock, if sold, would realize a substantial sum.

BRIG.-GEN. ALDEN DEAD.

Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Alden, U.S.A., retired, died last evening at his home, No. 100 North Moline avenue, after an illness of long standing.

Alen, in his many years of active service in the army, had a brilliant record, and in the period from the time that he entered the service in 1887 until the time of his retirement in 1909 he held many important positions of trust and responsibility.

The son of a chaplain in the United States Navy, he entered the medical corps of the army immediately on graduating from Brown University and served through the grades of assistant surgeon and surgeon up to the position of chief assistant to the surgeon general. He held the rank of colonel in the Civil War and distinguished himself for bravery on many occasions. Before his retirement he held the important position of president of the Army Medical College and president of the board of medical examiners.

Gen. Alden was a member of the Massachusetts Commandery of the military order of the Loyal Legion. Companions of those who have been invited to attend the funeral, which will be held at All Saints' Episcopal Church Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock, Rev. William MacCormack of officiating. Interment will be at Mountain View Cemetery.

SMOKY STOVE HOLE—ALARM.

A smoky stove hole, which had not been cleaned, was the cause of a commotion this morning which called out the fire department. The trouble occurred at the home of Theodore Crane, No. 821 North Orange Grove avenue.

A stove which had not been used for months was lighted this morning. The stove was old and had made a dreadful smoke. On the second floor of the house was a stove hole, which had not been filled up, and through this the black smoke poured out in quantities.

The two women, who were alone at the time, thought that the house was on fire and rushed out and turned in a fire alarm. The department responded promptly, but found no blaze when it arrived.

FEAR-ALARM VICTIM.

Officer Longley arrested Grover Beal, a schoolboy, this morning for violating the city ordinances concerning the following of the fire department on the way to conflagrations. The case was a particularly flagrant one, as the boy got in the way of one of the caissons, who was endeavoring to board the hook-and-ladder, and made it impossible for him to make a run on the sidewalk. As the offender was a schoolboy, and did not willfully break the law, Longley did not take him to the Police Station, but ordered him to report in court tomorrow morning.

The city ordinances provide that no one shall follow the fire department at a distance of less than 100 feet, and makes it a misdemeanor to violate the provision. The ordinance has not been as strictly enforced as it might have been, but of late the firemen have been complaining that they are hampered in their work by the large crowd of excitement seekers, who insist on following the apparatus.

A choir guild has been organized at St. Stephen's Church with the following officers: President, Mrs. C. W. Walker; vice-president, Mrs. Tindale; treasurer and recording secretary, Mrs. Forbes; executive committee, Mrs. Haber, Hoag and Warner.

The Citizen newspaper and printing office will remove next week to larger quarters on Prospect avenue. The class numbers twelve.

GOOD FISHING AT AVALON.

AVALON, June 8.—Over fifty boats carrying enthusiastic anglers took part in the fishing today for yellowtail. The harbor presented a busy scene. The fish took the bait well, and the strings caught were numerous. Heron Rockfife had a catch of a following today weighing 16½ pounds. He used a 34-ounce split rod.

The public schools closed yesterday after a successful year.

Mr. C. A. Patten, P. J. Smith, Supervisor, came over today to conduct an inspection.

Mrs. C. M. Moore of Pasadena is a visitor here today.

NURSES GRADUATE.

GLENDALE, June 8.—Masonic Hall was well filled with people Wednesday evening when the Glendale Nursing Training School of the Glendale Sanitarium held its first graduating exercises. Following are the names of the graduating class: Barbara Chapman, Nellie Rae, Christine Meyer, Edith Stevens, Helen Henton, Ethel Wager and Anna Simpson. Among those who participated in the programme were Anna Simpson, Elder R. S. Awen, Prof. G. W. Rine, Miss Christine Meyer, Elder G. W. Reaser and Elder C. F. Marvin.

BANKS MULTIPLY THERE.

Another Financial Institution is Announced for the City of

Long Beach.

LONG BEACH, June 8.—Long Beach is to have another bank capitalized at \$100,000, all of which sum is fully subscribed. The new bank has purchased the fixtures of the State Bank and will occupy its room which is to be vacated July 15. As yet the directorate has not been announced or the name it is to bear. Among the members are Thomas W. Williams, J. G. Gard and Frank A. Howe. Mr. Williams was formerly City Marshal, but is now a member of the Walker Realty Company. Mr. Gard is a banker of Ohio, and Mr. Howe is one of the big wheat growers of South Dakota. The new bank will be organized under the State laws and will open for business about August 1.

WHISPERED ALONG SHORE.

In response to a letter of invitation H. E. Shaffer and Walter Desmond of the city of Pasadena, who greeted them as if he were once more on Ocean avenue on his way to Los Angeles. With a white Stetson set at a rakish angle, white vest laundered to the king of the world, the man of the moment and otherwise absolutely correct, the lamented promoter was as debonair as ever. Barbour wanted to take his friends in on the ground floor of his big development schemes, but after their trip down the channel they desisted.

Second Lieutenant of Co. H, Seventh Regiment, N.G.C., stationed in Long Beach.

Tonight at Masonic Temple new officers of Long Beach Commandery were installed by Eminent Sir W. A. Hammett of Los Angeles Commandery, assisted by Eminent Sir A. C. Malone of Long Beach Commandery, secretary of Eminent Commandery-elect C. T. Donnell, the ceremonies were conducted without display.

Last evening forty of the leading real estate dealers met to consider plans for the improvement of the city's conditions and protecting themselves by safeguarding commissions. A temporary organization was effected by electing Stephen Townsend, chairman, and J. G. Awen, secretary. A committee was selected to draft a resolution and bylaws and the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

At a Monday session of the City Council, Frank Kutz of the State of Illinois' Militia Reserve will be made a police officer and will act as desk sergeant and hereafter the City Marshal's office can be reached at any time.

The boys of the local Y.M.C.A. will have a new name at San Diego county, June 15 to July 2. The party will be in charge of Physical Director Merwin, assisted by Dr. Ed T. Stauffer. The trip will be made by train and automobile.

At the present time, however, the plan is not carried out and many of the wheels that are on hand have been in charge of the police for a number of years. The last sale was in the incumbency of Chief Freeman, more than three years ago, and since that time the supply has steadily increased.

It is pointed out by the police that

machines which are unclaimed after a year are not improved and that they depreciate in value very rapidly.

For this reason it is suggested that an auction sale be ordered every six months and unclaimed for wheels be turned over to the highest bidder.

There have been several inquiries at the Police Station of late concerning unclaimed machines, and it is believed that, if stock, if sold, would realize a substantial sum.

REDONDO ATTRACTIONS.

Arrangements are made to draw visitors to that resort this summer.

REDONDO.

TRADE OF THE REDONDO, June 8.—The Board of Trade has turned over the pavilion to the Redondo Improvement Company to conduct it during the season. The Schoneman-Blanchard Orchestra has been engaged for the season, and the following provisional programmes have been laid out: Concerts every afternoon, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday; and Sunday, Wednesdays afternoons (except on holidays) lances will be given for children only; no adults to be allowed on the floor, and children must be under 14.

E. Thomas has charge of the building, a large number of chairs have been added to accommodate the audience.

TELLS OF THE RESULTS.

"It paid in convenience, comfort and appearance to do this work; and it paid in higher reality values and an increase of 150 per cent. in desirable, taxpaying citizens, to advertise that we have done. We have gained a following for our city, and the result is that our city has made rapid strides in municipal progress and taken her rank in this respect among other cities.

"The result of this is that we have something to be proud of, and we are not afraid to let the world know it.

Dr. Charles Brown Scoville is

success in the evangelistic services at the Tabernacle. A large choir is leading the congregational singing and night Dr. Ross Smith renders solos of illustrated songs.

WHITTIER GIRL BADLY HURT.

Esther Baird Suffers from Concussion of the Brain as a Result of a Fall.

WHITTIER, June 8.—Esther Baird, the little daughter of Mrs. Hattie Baird, fell from a pepper tree yesterday, sustaining concussion of the brain, bruises and lacerations.

The child and her playmates had climbed to a lofty perch in the boughs.

RANGER GOES TO STATION.

Fire Warden Lewis Anderson left tonight for his station in San Antonio Cañon. He will occupy Dell's abandoned camp till a cabin can be built.

POMONA PUPILS TO GRADUATE.

Twenty-three Students of High School Will Receive Diplomas in Near Future.

POMONA, June 8.—Preparations are being made for the sixteenth annual graduating exercises of the Pomona high school, when twenty-three pupils will receive diplomas, these being Ross Adams, Alice Beck, Margaret Kaufman, Bess, Frednell, Hazel Reed, Cora Simpson, Reba Lindley, Alice Richardson, Elvina Miller, Bertha Weber, Marjorie Kibble, Bea McCann, Katharine Chappell, Mae Durkee, and Misses Mahoney, Adams, Bischowky, Fryer, Richards, Parker, Frednell, Jones and Mosher. The exercises will be held at the Y.M.C.A. in the East.

A large delegation from the local Free Methodist Church is at Garvanza in attendance at the annual Mineral Park conference of that denomination.

W. W. Wittenberg, who has been called to the ministry, will be installed at the home of Theodore Crane, June 22, started East yesterday. Minchen was accompanied by Prof. Klemm of the college faculty, who will enter the Y.M.C.A. in the East.

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W. W. Wittenberg,

THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES*

Month	Max.	Min.	Month	Max.	Min.
January	50	32	New York	52	32
February	52	34	Buffalo	52	32
March	52	34	Cincinnati	52	32
April	52	34	St. Louis	52	32
May	52	34	Chicago City	52	32
June	52	34	Jacksonville	52	32

The maximum is for day before yesterday; the minimum for day after yesterday; the average temperature for the two days.

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, June 1.—Reported by A. E. Waller, Local Weatherman. The maximum temperature registered at 1 p.m. was 71 deg. Relative humidity, 62 per cent. 1 p.m. 12 deg. 1 p.m. southwest, velocity miles. Maximum temperature, 70 deg.; minimum, 59 deg.

Weather Conditions.—The disturbance central yesterday morning over the Middle West has moved eastward. The weather is cool and cloudy to east-southeast, rainy weather in Montana, the Dakotas, the lake region, the Middle Atlantic and the New England states, though throughout the United States fair weather prevails, except in Oregon, where light rain is reported. The indications this morning point to a continuation of fair weather in the Angles and vicinity of the Great Lakes.

Forecast.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair tonight and Saturday; winds south-southwest, 10 to 12 miles. San Francisco and vicinity: possibly light showers in morning; light south wind.

San Joaquin Valley: Fair Saturday; light north wind.

Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair Saturday; light southwest wind.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE TIMES
Los Angeles, June 1, 1912.

RANK CLEARINGS.—Rank clearings yesterday were \$1,753,530. For the corresponding day of 1911, \$1,753,530; for the same day of 1910, \$1,753,530.

Clearings for the week:

Monday	\$1,753,530
Tuesday	1,753,530
Wednesday	1,753,530
Thursday	1,753,530
Friday	1,753,530
Total	1,753,530
Bank time, 1912	1,753,530
1911	1,753,530

Oil STOCKS.

Added	1912
Amalgamated Oil	100
Associated Oil	45
Central	100
Conoco	100
Fulerton Oil	45
Mexican Petroleum	100
Midland Land Co.	45
Standard Oil Co.	100
Texaco	45
Union	217.00
United Petroleum	100
Western Union	217.00

BANK STOCKS.

Added	1912
American National	110.00
Bank of America	110.00
Bankers Trust	110.00
Central	110.00
Commercial	110.00
Dollar Savings Bank	110.00
Farmers and Merchants	110.00
Federal Reserve Bank	110.00
German-American Savings	110.00
Home Savings of L. A.	110.00
Home Trust Co.	110.00
Manhattan Savings Bk.	110.00
Mechanics and Farmers	110.00
Mercantile Trust & Savings	110.00
Navy Bank	110.00
National Bank of Commerce	110.00
Security Savings Bank	110.00
State Bank of California	110.00
State Bank & Trust	110.00
U. S. National Bank	110.00

MISSCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

Added	1912
California Hospital	100
Edison Electric	100
Edison Electric Co.	100
General Telephone	100
Home Tel. Co. Com.	100
J. A. Jones	100
Jockey Club	100
Pasadena H. T. & T. Co.	100
S. Monica H. T. & T. Co.	100
San Diego H. T. & T. Co.	100
Title Co. & Trust	100
U. S. L. D. H. T. & T. Co.	100
Union Trust & Title Co.	100

BONDS.

Added	1912
Associated Oil Co.	100
Carson Power & W. Co.	100
Citrus Growers	100
Ed. Elec. Co. old issues	100
Edison Electric Co.	100
Home Tel. Co. Com.	100
J. A. Jones	100
Jockey Club	100
Pasadena H. T. & T. Co.	100
S. Monica H. T. & T. Co.	100
San Diego H. T. & T. Co.	100
Title Co. & Trust	100
U. S. L. D. H. T. & T. Co.	100
Union Trust & Title Co.	100

OFFICIAL SALES.

1,000 Associated Oil Co. 100.

1,000 Associated Oil Co. 100.</

Hamburgers
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

LAST DAY

Hamburgers
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

To Dispose of the

B. B. Henshey Stock at 55c on the Dollar

And An Additional

10% Off

Will be deducted from every check on Saturday
and remember the Henshey stock is marked
at only fifty-five cents on the dollar

10% Off

This is a sale without any actual competition—for our first marked price of 55c on the dollar, with our additional count of 10 per cent. brings the actual purchase price to you of only about one-third the actual value of the merchandise—and comparison with others' prices will prove it.

HENSHEY'S \$5.00 SPRING SUITS.....	\$15.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$3.00 SPRING SUITS.....	\$9.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$4.00 AND \$5.00 SPRING SUITS.....	\$12.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$3.50 SPRING SUITS.....	\$8.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$2.00 SILK SUITS.....	\$6.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$2.50 SILK SUITS.....	\$7.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$3.00 SILK SUITS.....	\$9.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$4.50 SILK SUITS.....	\$13.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$8.50 SILK COATS.....	\$25.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$12.00 SILK COATS.....	\$36.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$20.00 SILK COATS.....	\$60.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$30.00 SILK COATS.....	\$90.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$40.00 SILK COATS.....	\$120.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$49.00 SILK COATS.....	\$147.00—LESS 10 PER CENT



HENSHEY'S \$6.00 SHIRT WAIST SUITS.....	\$18.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$9.00 SHIRT WAIST SUITS.....	\$27.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$12.50 SHIRT WAIST SUITS.....	\$37.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$1.00 WHITE SHIRT WAISTS.....	\$3.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$1.50 WHITE SHIRT WAISTS.....	\$4.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$2.00 WHITE SHIRT WAISTS.....	\$6.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$2.50 WHITE SHIRT WAISTS.....	\$7.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$3.50 WHITE SHIRT WAISTS.....	\$10.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$6.50 SILK WAISTS.....	\$19.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$10.00 SILK WAISTS.....	\$30.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$12.50 SILK WAISTS.....	\$37.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$20.00 SILK WAISTS.....	\$60.00—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$7.50 WHITE MOHAIR SKIRTS.....	\$22.50—LESS 10 PER CENT
HENSHEY'S \$12.50 WHITE SERGE SKIRTS.....	\$37.50—LESS 10 PER CENT



55c on the Dollar

And an Additional
Discount on Every
Purchase of.....

10%

Henshey's \$25.00 Fall Suits.....	\$8.95—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$25.00 Fall Suits.....	\$11.95—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$6.00 Dress Skirts.....	\$1.95—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$9.00 Dress Skirts.....	\$2.75—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$15.00 Dress Skirts.....	\$4.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$18.50 Dress Skirts.....	\$5.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$40.00 and \$45.00 Dress Skirts.....	\$12.00—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$7.50 Covert Jackets.....	\$2.25—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$15.00 Covert Jackets.....	\$4.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$16.50 Covert Jackets.....	\$4.95—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$2.00 Shirt Waist Suits.....	\$0.60—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$3.00 Shirt Waist Suits.....	\$0.90—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$5.00 Shirt Waist Suits.....	\$1.50—Less 10 Per Cent

Henshey's \$16.50 White Serge Skirts.....	\$4.95—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$25.00 White Serge Suits.....	\$7.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$37.50 White Serge Suits.....	\$11.25—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$40.00 White Serge Suits.....	\$12.00—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$5.00 Eton Linene Suits.....	\$1.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$7.50 Eton Linene Suits.....	\$2.25—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$10.00 White Eton or Pony Coat Suits.....	\$3.00—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$15.00 White Linen Coat Suits.....	\$4.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$10.00 Craventte Coats.....	\$3.00—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$18.50 Craventte Coats.....	\$5.50—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$22.50 Craventte Coats.....	\$6.75—Less 10 Per Cent
Henshey's \$25 to \$30 Craventte Coats.....	\$7.50—Less 10 Per Cent

SECOND FLOOR



55c on the Dollar

And an Additional
Discount on Every
Purchase of.....

10%

Salvage Sale of Livingston's Silk

63 on the \$

\$1.25 and \$1.50 Fancy Silks 68c

Every kind of silk for shirt-waist suits, waists, party gowns, coats and skirts, including pink and plain grays, every new shade of green, navy, tan, crush, raspberry, old rose, brown and hundreds of other colors, patterns and styles; everything new; 21 inches wide. Livingston's price \$1.25 and \$1.50. Our price 68c.

\$1.00 and \$1.25 Fancy Silks 59c

A big assortment of 20-inch silks—correct for shirt-waist suits, party gowns or waists; every color, weave and pattern, comprising the new black and white plaid; also other new plaid and small and large checks and pretty figured effects; at least 20 pieces in the lot. Livingston's price \$1.00 and \$1.25. Our price 59c.

\$2.00 Print Warp Silks 98c

25 pieces 20-inch silks for reception gowns and party dresses; are in white grounds with printed floral and colored effects; rose buds, leaves and scroll patterns in pink, blue, green and lavender. Livingston's price \$1.50 and \$2.00. Our price 98c.

\$2.50 Black Guaranteed Taffeta 49c

1200 yards of a 23-inch heavy firm taffeta; the kind much in demand for suits and drops; is a soft dress finish; a splendid black; is 19 inches wide and usually sold by Livingston Bros. at 75c. Our price 49c.

\$1.19 Black Imported Taffeta 75c

1400 yards of a 23-inch heavy firm taffeta; chiffon finished, yet soft; will not split or cut and equal to any pure dyed taffeta made; is an ideal silk for Eton jacket suits, coats and drops. Livingston's price \$1.19. Our price 75c.

45c For Livingston's \$1 Fancy Silks

10,000 yards in a complete range of all colors and combinations, in taffeta and Louise weaves; 20 inches wide; every yard guaranteed. They include shepherd and hairline checks, stripes, jacquard figures, printed habutais and plenty of cream grounds with black stripes, checks and plaids. Livingston's price was \$1.00. Our price will be 45c.

50c For Cheney Bros.' \$1 Foulards

\$1.00 Cream and White Silk 69c

Dainty sheer double width silk chiffon mouseline that will make up handsomely into evening gowns. They are in white grounds with floral effects in pink, blue, lavender and green, and are 46 inches wide. Livingston's price \$1.50. Our price 69c.

\$1.00 Silk Crepe de Chine 69c

Soft, clinging 24-inch silks; heavy and firm; in black, white, cream, pink, dark and light blue and new greens, grays, tans, browns, lavender, red, and other desirable colorings. This lot comprises every good grade and new coloring for street or evening wear. Livingston's price \$1.00. Our price 69c.

75c Silk Foulards 39c

Summer and fall patterns and styles in combinations of black and white, blue, green, may, tans, purple, brown and many others; patterns large and small polka dots, scrolls and figured effects; thousands of yards in the lot. They are 24 inches wide. Livingston's price was 75c. Our price will be 39c.

\$1.39 Black Taffeta, Yard \$1.09

One thousand yards of a yard wide heavy taffeta; dress finished; every thread pure silk; guaranteed not to split or cut; is a splendid black; much used for suits and linings; will always retain its luster. Livingston's price \$1.39. Our price \$1.09.

\$1.25 Imported Black Taffeta 89c

One thousand yards of a 27-inch dress taffeta—brilliant finished; every fine firm wear with a pleasant rustle; will not mangle easily; in all silk and a rich black. Livingston's price \$1.25. Our price 89c.

\$1.00 Silk Mouseline; Yard \$1.09

23-inch silk for dresses and waists in colorings of blue, tan, cream; also black and white. Livingston's price \$1.09. Our price, 59c.

63 on the \$

\$1.25 "Abis" Taffeta \$1.00

Every desirable coloring in the lot—navy, green, blue, gray, old rose, heliotrope, light blue, pink, and others. Is the genuine Poilem & Maye "Abis" taffeta? All leading journals and every yard guaranteed. Livingston's price \$1.25. Our price \$1.00.

\$1.00 Natural Pongee 39c

Rich embroidered and brocaded silk pongee; also plain and dotted; 21, 22 and 27 inches wide; pure silk; standard make; suitable for street dresses; excellent black. Priced by Livingston. Our price 39c.

\$1.39 Black Peau de Soie \$3.00

800 yards of a 21-inch extra heavy peau de soie; 24 inches wide; pure silk; standard make; suitable for street dresses; excellent black. Priced by Livingston. Our price 3.00.

\$2.00 Black Peau de Soie \$1.10

10 pieces of a 21-inch imported peau de soie of best quality; 24 inches wide; pure silk; standard make; suitable for street dresses; excellent black. Priced by Livingston. Our price 1.10.

\$1.00 Silk Mouseline; Yard \$1.09

23-inch silk for dresses and waists in colorings of blue, tan, cream; also black and white. Livingston's price \$1.09. Our price, 59c.

45c For Livingston's 85-Cent Taffeta

8000 yards of plain and changeable taffeta; all the street and evening shades, including cream and all the popular two-tone colors, and all are 24 inches wide and are just the thing for drops, linings and suits. Livingston's price was 85c. Our price, 45c.